The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786.---VOL. 91.---NO. 48. SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1876. EIGHT DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

FIRST EDITION.

A RAILWAY HORROR.

Four Passenger Cars Thrown Down an Embankment.

SIX PERSONS KILLED OUTRIGHT

Between Thirty and Forty Wounded.

A NUMBER DIE FROM THEIR INJURIES

List of the Victims.

COLUMBUS, O., September 22.—A most frightful accident occurred at an early hour this morning at Black Lick station, on the Pan-Handle road, about twelve miles from this city. The train was running at a rate of perhaps forty miles an hour, when from some cause or other four cars of the train jumped the track and rolled down the embankment, which is some twenty-five or thirty feet at that place. The engine, baggage car and mail car remained on the track, while those in the rear went off. This leads some to think that the accident was caused by a broken rail, while others are of the opinion that it was caused by jumping the track while making the curve. The cars that went down the embankment are in a broken condition. One gentleman who was on the train states that the cars are the strongest on any of the cars. Intelligence was at once sent to the city, and in a few minutes a wrecking train and physicians were on the scene of the accident, and every attention given the wounded that could be given. Conductor Lacy, who was in charge of the train, and his assistants did what was in their power to alleviate the sufferers until assistance arrived. The killed and wounded were brought to the Union Depot, from whence the wounded were removed to their homes. Physicians from the city responded promptly, and were this morning busily ministering to the wants of their patients. In the confusion which prevailed it was hard to get the names of

The Killed and Wounded.

Four persons are known to have been killed outright, two men and two children. One of the killed is a son of S. P. Bennett, of Cairo, Illinois; Lizzie Bancroft, of Philadelphia, a child three years old. One of the men is said to be from St. Louis, and another from Hamilton, Ohio. Of the wounded no adequate idea can be given of the number. Many of them took their regular trains at the depot and departed for their homes without reporting to any one. It is variously estimated that there must have been between thirty and forty persons who were more or less injured by the accident. Some of the wounds are very slight, while others are quite severe, many of the injuries being about the head and upper portion of the body. The Union Depot this morning had somewhat the appearance of

A Hastily Devised Hospital.

The emigrant room had been used to receive the wounded, where they were placed on hastily constructed beds, and from which they were to be removed to the hotels. All but two had been removed when the reporter visited the scene this morning, and they were very badly wounded, one of whom will perhaps die. About the depot waiting for trains were a number of persons with heads bandaged, arms in slings, or limping around as best they could. All who were on the train speak of the accident as a most frightful one, and are astonished that the deaths are so few.

The wounded at the Neil House are Mrs W. H. Ellis and a little girl, from New Orleans. Mrs. Ellis is badly bruised about the head and chest. The little girl is unhurt. Samuel Lentz, of Philadelphia, is badly bruised about the body, but not seriously hurt. All of these were in the sleeper. The wounded at Davidson's Hotel are: George Ohmer, formerly owner of the depot restaurant in this city, and wife, and daughter are seriously injured. The injuries received by this party are principally internal and body bruises. Mr. Ohmer is now of Dayton, Ohio resident of Mr. J. D. Briggs and wife, of Springfield, Mo., are badly bruised, but not seriously. Mr. L. J. McCoy, who resides at No. 372 Eighth street, Louisville, Ky., is seriously injured. He was lying quietly, but in his case is confident that he could give no information to our reporter. About ten of the wounded and one of the killed are in the Exchange Hotel. C. Brazelton and wife, of Greenwood, Polk county, Iowa, were in one room. He was suffering from a serious cut on the thigh and head. Mrs. Brazelton, a very large lady, had one wrist broken and the other dislocated. She was very seriously cut and bruised about the face and head. They had been to the Centennial and were returning via the South. Mrs. Brazelton's most serious injuries are feared to be internal. Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Bancroft and four children are at this hotel, all injured. Mrs. Bancroft had received internal injuries, and three of the children were injured more or less about the body. Lizzie Bancroft, a little three year old girl, was killed, and had been laid out in the room occupied by the parents and brothers and sisters. John Wolz, two cousins, and two gentlemen were bruised considerably, and their clothing torn almost in shreds. They congratulated themselves that the injuries are comparatively slight. They are from Weston, Mo., and had been to Philadelphia.

Additional Particulars.

Additional particulars relative to the railroad accident near this city have been gathered since sending the last dispatch. In addition to those reported killed must be added Wm. Keuchling, supposed to be from Cincinnati, and Thornton, a son of Vanmeter, Iowa. A man supposed to be John Weedenberner, of Hamilton, is still lying at the depot, badly, but not fatally injured. He declines to give his name for fear of the effect it he news would have on his wife. Squire Rockamy and family, of Cincinnati, were all somewhat injured, but were able to continue their journey to-day. Other persons reported injured also left on the noon trains for other points.

A visit to the place of the accident shows that the track was straight at that point, that the road was built with stone walls, and is in excellent condition. This morning the wheels of all the cars were tested thoroughly at Newark, a few miles from Black Lick, and found to all sound. What caused the accident is as yet a mystery.

A List of the Injured.

After a tour among the hotels where the persons injured are being cared for, and from information gathered from reliable sources and the *Evening Dispatch*, the following can be considered as a reliable list of the persons injured severely enough to require mention, and the extent of their injuries:

Mrs. Mary Banning, of Pleasant Ridge, head, hand and face badly cut; W. H. Fay, of Concord, N. H., gashed and legs badly taken; D. S. Leyman, of Goshen, Ohio, hand cut and leg badly bruised; Peter Lumaline, of Aukeny, Iowa, head cut and side badly bruised; Mrs. Jane Lumstine, of Aukeny, Iowa, head cut and neck strained; Sally Thornton, of Des Moines, Iowa, head and legs slightly bruised; J. D. Beggs, of Springfield, Mo., shoulder and legs badly hurt; Mrs. J. D. Beggs, head bruised and shoulder badly hurt; A. Shockey, of St. Louis, head and shoulder considerably cut; Mrs. A. Shockey, legs cut and body badly bruised; Samuel Jones, of St. Louis, badly hurt about the breast, head and arms; Mrs. S. S. Eastwood, of Lousville, left shoulder dislocated; Mattie Grubbinghoff, of Dayton, face and head bruised; S. B. Bennett, of Cairo, foot and leg badly crushed; Mrs. S. P. Bennett, hand cut and shoulder badly bruised; T. M. Mundy, of Louisville, body badly bruised; Mrs. J. B. Bancroft, of Philadelphia, badly bruised about the shoulders; two children of this lady were badly bruised and one killed; Mrs. William Ellis, of New Orleans, it was supposed was badly injured, but in fact she is very slightly bruised about the head; her child was unhurt; N. J. Williams, of Vincennes, bruised about the chest and legs; Mrs. Lizzie Shankton, of Evansville, shoulder and head bruised; Samuel Orr, of Junction City, Kansas, head and legs badly bruised; John Wols, of Burton, Miss., head and hand cut and arm sprained; Mrs. S. A. Ort, of Louisville, badly hurt about the back; Miss Anna Brazelton, of Greenwood, Iowa, seriously injured internally; Sarah Oton, of Burton, Miss., badly bruised.

There were no other persons than those given above who were injured sufficiently to prevent their continuing their journey. The railroad officials are doing their utmost to care for the sufferers.

Another Death.

Mrs. C. Brazelton, of Greenwood, Iowa, injured in the railroad accident this morning, died this evening. A coroner's jury spent the day at the place of the accident.

A Republican Meeting Broken Up by Democratic Roughs.

TOLEDO, O., September 22.—General Conway, of New York, was to speak at a Republican meeting here to-night, but the meeting was broken up at the beginning of his speech by a crowd of one hundred and fifty men antagonistic to Mr. Conway's views, principally Irish, who had threatened during the day that he should not speak. No cause of the trouble is known, unless it be that Conway is of Irish descent and a Republican.

THE BLACK HILLS.

A Treaty Consummated for their Surrender—The Indians to be Removed to the Indian Territory.

RED CLOUD AGENCY, September 20, VIA FORT LARAMIE, WY., September 22.—At half past ten this morning the Indians sent word to the Commissioners that they were ready for another council, and the Commissioners at once prepared for a talk. The attendance of Indians was much larger than yesterday. The first speaker was Little Wound, who said yesterday he heard something that made him almost cry. He has always considered when the Great Father made arrangements for the railroad through the Indian country he would pay for it. For fifty years he has always considered this his own country, and when it was told him yesterday that he was to be made like a man without a country it made him cry. He wished all the white men married into the tribe, to live with them always, and that it be not possible to send them away at any time. He wished the white men who are living among the Brules married to Ogallala women, to come and live with them. He was willing to sign the papers the Commissioners had brought here on the condition that while the young men are gone to the Indian country those that staid here should be fed.

Bishop Whipple, on the part of the Commission, replied that with reference to the things he asked for they are all and more provided for in the paper they are asked to sign. As for the white men married into the tribe they would not be interfered with, but white men who came here to stay a few days and do the Indians injury would not be allowed to stay.

Little Wound then said he wanted the Commission to make haste and lay the matter before the great council, and the Indians themselves desired to go to Washington and see the Great Father. He also wished a copy of everything said here given to them, so that there be no mistakes.

This evening the Commissioners consummated a treaty with the Sioux, Cheyennes and Arrapahoes, the Indians agreeing to the proposition made to them on the 7th inst., without the change of a single word, which has already been published. The treaty was met at the depot by General A. Wikoff and a delegation of citizens with a brass band, and escorted to the rotunda of the State House, where they were received by Governor Hayes. Short speeches were made by Governor Hartranft, General Negley and Major Fell, of Pittsburgh, and Major Fisk, of Allegheny, and Governor Hayes returned thanks for the call in a two minute speech, when the visitors returned to the depot and at once left for home.

THE GALLOWS.

A Canadian Murderer Hanged.

CAYUGA, ONT., September 22.—John Young, convicted of the murder of Abel McDonald, was hanged here this morning. Early last night Young, who had secreted a Bible with a brass clasp, wrenched off the latter and sharpened the edge against the wall, intending to commit suicide. On the scaffold he was asked if he he had anything to say, and spoke as follows: "I hope this will be a warning to all you young men. Don't foolize on the tracks. I see a good many around here that I know. I hope it will warn them, and the same to the strangers present. I hardly think I'm worthy of this death, but as it is so ordered I'll have to put up with it. I have nothing more to say, but I hope to meet all of you some day in a better world. I hope you will be warned by me, and not come to a death like this. I think this should warn you."

Owing to the breaking of a ring in the bolt, the first attempt of the hangman was a failure. A few minutes' delay occurred before this morning. They will stop at Columbus to serenade Gov. Hayes, and will be in Pittsburgh by Saturday morning.

CARRIGAN.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

The Vote at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, September 22.—The Philadelphia Veteran Club, Allegheny Club and Boys in Blue from Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, with Governor Hartranft at their head, arrived here at noon to-day, *en route* home from Philadelphia. The delegation met at the depot by General A. Wikoff and a delegation of citizens with a brass band, and escorted to the rotunda of the State House, where they were received by Governor Hayes. Short speeches were made by a number of them before they would touch the pen and make their marks. Red Cloud said: "I have a friend of the President, and you men who come here see we are the chief men and men of influence. You have come here with words of the Great Father. Therefore, because I am his friend, I have said yes to what he has said to me, and I suppose that makes you happy. I don't like it that we have soldiers here to give us food. It makes our children's hearts go back and forth."

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

SPAIN.

The War on Protestantism

MADRID, September 22.—King Alfonso presided at the Cabinet Council, at which a protest of the anti-clergy and diplomatic representatives of England and respecting the recent orders affecting Protestant worship was discussed; also the question of the Cuban loan and further reinforcements for Cuba.

LONDON, September 22.—A dispatch from Barcelona notices the growing desire of the Spanish clergy to obtain the suppression of all Protestant schools. They say that as the people until they are of full age have no right to be instructed in any religion save Catholic.

EX Queen Isabella started for Madrid on Thursday.

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TURKEY.

The Proclamation of Prince Milan as King.

BELGRADE, September 22.—The proclamation of Prince Milan as King of Servia is enthusiastically received by the population. It is believed the Prince and his Ministers only disavow the act because of strong diplomatic pressure, particularly Russia. When proclaiming royalty, the Servian army declared the ability of the people of the Servian constitution and the conferment of absolute authority on Prince Milan.

The Plague

has broken out among the Turks before Alexinatz. They are consequently changing their position every three days and burn all tents and huts.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Fatal Cannon Explosion.

PANAMA, September 12.—On Sunday, the 10th inst., while testing some cannon on the beach near this city, one of them exploded, killing four persons, dangerously wounding two or three others, and slightly injuring about eight more. The President of the State and leading officers of the squad are among the hurt.

HELL GATE.

The Explosion to Take Place on Sunday Afternoon.

NEW YORK, September 22.—The explosion at Hell Gate is definitely fixed for Sunday next at 2.30 P. M. General Newton has addressed a special circular to the citizens of Astoria, within whose territory is the shaft of the excavation at Hell Gate.

"I have to thank them for their fortitude, notwithstanding the attempts to make a panic, instituted by poltroons of the male sex. The inhabitants are advised near the line of the explosion to be without the corporation established, leaving their lights with doors and windows open. In every case where the ceilings are disturbed the advice would be to vacate the houses at the time of the explosion, owing to the liability of walls being overthrown or impaired."

The people of Astoria propose to make Sunday a general outdoor holiday. General Newton and aides will fire the mine from a point in the railroad yard back a nearer place would have been chosen if there was one from which a view of the explosion could be had.

The New York Sabbath Committee having addressed a communication to General Newton urging that some other day than Sunday be chosen for the explosion, and saying so important an achievement of engineering skill and skill will be noticed in other parts of the world, and the fact that Sunday was chosen for the grand occasion will be understood as in accordance with the Sabbath, and that it is a gala day, and so it will do not a little to impair the force of our example as a Sabbath-keeping people, the General replied orally that while he respected the Sabbath as much as the gentlemen whose sentiments the note presented, the explosion on that day was a matter of necessity.

CENTENNIAL NOTES.

Professional Thieves Want a Day at the Exposition—Shantytown Gone.

PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—An odd Centennial whimsey was developed this morning. Mayor Stokely received a letter containing a request from the professional thieves of the city to have a day set apart when they could visit the Exposition without being captured and imprisoned for ninety days. The letter promised that were the request granted the supplicants would on the day specified act in a perfectly orderly and law abiding manner.

At six o'clock this morning the work of tearing down "Shantytown," a large collection of frame buildings outside of the Centennial grounds, was begun, in accordance with the order of the court. One hundred men did the work of destruction, guarded by one hundred policemen and under the personal oversight of the Mayor and Chief of Police. The destruction was soon complete.

The weather to-day was cloudy and threatening, with occasional rain, but the attendance at the Exposition was nevertheless very large. It will approach the 130,000 of yesterday, but appearances indicate that the cash admissions reached fully 90,000.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The Turf.

LOUISVILLE, September 22.—First race, mile heats; won by Kilburn; time 1:45¼, 1:45 and 1:50¾. Second race, ¾ mile dash; won by Buford McWhirters; time 1:17. Third race, 1¼ miles dash; won by Keene Richards; time 2:14¼.

Suicide of Secretary Robeson's Private Secretary.

NEW YORK, September 22.—A Newport dispatch says the recent suicide on the boat from New York has been identified as that of Frank B. Smith, private secretary of the Secretary of the Navy. Smith assumed the name of Wheeler a few weeks before his death, a companion of his bearing that name. A request to publish a card was found, for the purpose of notifying his friends of his death in as quiet a manner as possible. The death of a sister and the refusal of a young lady to become his wife are accepted as the moving causes to self-destruction. Smith was under orders to go to China with confidential dispatches from the Secretary of the Navy.

SECOND EDITION

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

Splendid Marching of the Veterans from Allegheny County.

They Make a Call on Our Next President.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 22, 1876.

One of the chief features of the procession yesterday morning was the splendid appearance made by the Allegheny and Philadelphia veterans. They were headed by the State Fencibles Band, of Philadelphia. They received applause from the crowds all along the route. In passing down Illinois street the sight was grand. Shoulder to shoulder they marched with the precision of veterans, showing the people of Indiana how the old Keystone State will march to the polls in November and deposit their vote for freedom and patriotism.

Capt. Tyson, of the Allegheny Veterans, is deserving of the greatest praise for his energy in securing them everything pertaining to their comfort, and every courtesy extended to him by the Philadelphia Veterans, whose guests the Alleghenys are, were highly appreciated. Addresses were made by some of the old comrades to a large crowd at the camp grounds, and were warmly appreciated. The Vets. start back home this morning. They will stop at Columbus to serenade Gov. Hayes, and will be in Pittsburgh by Saturday morning.

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THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Record of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

U. S. District Court.

(Before Judge Ketcham.)

D. J. Goldenburg et al., creditors, vs. Julius Blumenthal, debtor, Altoona. Adjudication made and case referred to Register Brotherline.

William O. McMullen, of Mercer county, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy.

In the case of J. H. Johnson, bankrupt, city, application for an injunction against Jos. C. Grubbs & Co., and their attorneys, was argued, and the matter taken into consideration by the court.

John Billheimer, bankrupt, Westmoreland county. Application for injunction argued and the decision reserved.

In the case of Michael Sake et al. vs. the steamboat J. S. Mercer, argued and decision reserved.

Dunham, bankrupt, Westmoreland county. Argument on exceptions to Register's report liquidating liens. Decision of court withheld.

C. C. Stanburger, bankrupt, Blair county. Rule on Register Brotherline to show cause why the appointment of S. S. McFadden as assignee should not be annulled.

J. W. Kidney vs. the steamboat Wm. Wagoner, in admiralty. The Commissioners report distributing the fund in the registry of the court, presented and confirmed *nisi*.

James Berry, bankrupt, Washington county. On certified petition of the assignee presented with proof of notice to bear auditors, and order was made for the sale of certain real estate discharged of liens.

Orphans' Court

(Before Judge Hawkins.)

This court was engaged yesterday, with the exceptions to the account of the executor of Jacob Walter, deceased. The executor holds that the widow elected to take under the intestate laws, while she now claims under the will.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge Kirkpatrick.)

In the case of Commonwealth vs. L. W. Adams, previously reported, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, but directed the defendant to pay the costs. It is understood that the verdict was a compromise, for there could be no circumstances in a case of that character which would justify a verdict of not guilty if the defendant was guilty. The Court thinks there could be no reason why the costs should be imposed on him. The endorsement on the indictment by the foreman was as follows: "Giving the defendant the benefit of a reasonable doubt, we say not guilty and defendant pay costs."

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Edward Smith, charged with the crime of robbing a Pennsylvania Railroad car, was resumed and occupied the time of the court until after twelve o'clock.

Commonwealth vs. Mathias Lanz, indicted for assault and battery on oath of William Rooney. On the 19th of August the prosecutor went to the premises of the defendant in the Twenty-fourth ward, and while talking to his house was struck. A plea of justification was filed, the defendant alleging that he had made a mistake in the premises, when the defendant kicked him off the premises. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Chas. Longmyer, indicted for fornication and bastardy, on oath of Margaret Buckley of New Texas, Pium township. The prosecutrix is a girl about 35 years of age, and she looked to be 50. The defendant had been released from jail on his own recognizance to appear at June term, which he failed to do, and his recognizance was forfeited. The court said if the district attorney would elect to do so, he might go to trial without the defendant. A jury was sworn, and a verdict of guilty was returned.

The next was the commonwealth vs. Joseph Herman, indicted for the larceny of a keg of whisky from Chas. Basanecker, who keeps a saloon on Ridge avenue, Allegheny. It was in testimony that the defendant went to prosecutor's house to stay all night. That some time in the night he got up and took a keg of whisky from behind the bar and carried it off. Verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to the Workhouse for two years.

Commonwealth vs. Arthur Mallally, indicted for the larceny of $14 from the prosecutor, John Might. The defendant was indicted with Wm. Might, Wm. Mighs, a son of the prosecutor who had not been arrested. The money was stolen from Sarah Furguson, a daughter of the prosecutor, who testified that the defendant came to her house and informed her that her father was severely injured and her mother wanted her to come and see him. She went as requested and found that she had been decoyed away. She returned home in a few moments extended to German street, enveloping the wholesale glass house of Zim & Emery. The fire is raging fiercely.

The Safe Burglary Trial.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—In the safe burglary trial to-day Nettleship, on cross-examination, said he never had any reason to believe Block was connected with the safe burglary, and always understood Whitley to say Babcock knew as much about it as Adam.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····Councils meet on Monday.

····To-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock New York time, and 3:30 o'clock Pittsburgh time, the big explosion will take place at Hell Gate.

····There is a prospect of a match between Pat Luther and Nick Laybeger, at an early day. It is said both men are anxious to try each other.

····The Executive Committee of the Fourth Cavalry met last evening at 97 Diamond alley, to make arrangements for the reunion at Franklin, on October 12.

····At ten minutes before twelve o'clock last night an alarm of fire was sounded from box 35, caused by a slight fire in A. J. Raercher's drug store, on Federal street, near Lacock street. It was extinguished before much damage was done. It was caused by the spontaneous combustion of a lot of "red fire" kept in the rear part of the room.

····No less than eight applications were made to the Poor authorities yesterday for the bake found in the South Park. Before midnight on Thursday, Mrs. McCombs had applied for it, and she received an order from one of the Poor Directors to get it and keep it until it is finally disposed of. Some of the parties were very anxious to get it, but no disposition of it will be made for a few days.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

ALL of the M. E. pulpits hereabouts will be filled by strangers to-morrow.

THE door between us and heaven cannot be opened if that between us and our fellow men is shut.

REV. ALEXANDER CLARK is visiting the fall Conferences of his church, and will not be home until Oct. 1st.

THE annual convention of Baptists in Pennsylvania meets this year in Dr. Pearson's church, in three weeks.

THE chief interest in Methodistic circles centers this week in the Conference meeting in the Butler street church.

THERE is considerable talk in the churches of the fall campaign, and indications point to a general religious revival.

REV. PHI. R. DANLEY will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Sixth avenue.

REV. DAVID R. BREED, of St. Paul, Minn., will preach in the Third Presbyterian church to-morrow morning and evening.

COME to figure it down, and the Methodists contribute forty-three cents per member annually to Foreign Missions, and the Baptists a trifle less.

THERE was a gain of upwards of one thousand members in the bounds of the Pittsburgh Methodist (non-Episcopal) Conference last year. This is an encouraging report.

REV. L. D. BARROWS, D. D., who is in attendance at the M. E. Conference meeting, was formerly President of the Pittsburgh Female College.

REV. F. S. DEHASS, who is one of the Methodist clergymen who are now favoring our city with their presence, is a noted traveler, fresh from Palestine.

THE new Catholic church of our Lady of Consolation, corner of Third avenue and Ferry street, will be dedicated by Rt. Rev. Bishop Tuigg to-morrow morning.

THE First Presbyterian church has settled somewhat over the Presiding Eldership question. The giants will renew to-day the battle which was begun yesterday.

REV. G. H. HUMPHREY, of the South Side, will preach to-morrow evening on "The Social Indecency, Civil Criminality and Moral Fiendishness of Cursing and Swearing."

SOME idea of the decline of Rationalism in Germany may be formed from the fact that this year the University of Heidelberg, where Rationalism has held sway so long, has only nine students.

REV. MISS A. J. CHAPIN will preach at the Universalist church, corner of Third avenue and Grant street, to-morrow morning, and in the evening at the Reformed Episcopal church, East Liberty.

THE Bishop of the new Catholic diocese of Allegheny, to be located at the Monastery, near Latrobe, as the Theological Seminary, and has directed a collection to be taken in all the churches on the 1st of October.

REV. DR. J. M. WALDEN, of Cincinnati, and Rev. Dr. Daniel Curry, the veteran editor of the New York *Christian Advocate*, arrived in town last evening, to attend the Conference of the M. E. church.

REV. W. W. PEARSON, D. D., will preach to-morrow in the Fourth avenue Baptist church. Subjects of discourses: Morning—"Nature, Necessity, and Means of a Genuine Revival," and in the evening, "Little Foxes and their Grapes."

REV. T. H. COLHOUER will deliver his commission as Pastor of the First Methodist (P.) church, on East Common, on Sabbath morning, the 24th inst., at 10:30 o'clock, and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock will present his pastoral platform, on which he will act in the future.

IN consequence of the sudden death of Dr. Howard, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, all regular services will be omitted to-morrow, and a special prayer meeting will be held in the church at 3 o'clock P. M., conducted by Dr. Jacobus and other ministers.

LAST Sunday afternoon Right Rev. Bishop Tuigg visited St. Michael's church on the South Side, where he confirmed 160 of the Solidity of the Holy Family young men. After the reception he proceeded to St. Joseph's Church, Mt. Oliver, where he confirmed 39 persons, four of whom were adults and converts.

REV. CHARLES WILSON, missionary at Siam, is on a visit to friends. He left Siam six months ago and has been on the way since. His children talk the Siamese language and on board that vessel they made very sad and sorrowful by their parents talking English to them. Discovering this the parents talked in Siamese.

THE New York *Tablet* has again announced the old Roman Catholic doctrine: "Whosoever dies out of communion with the Roman Catholic Church is lost." That paper is especially severe upon the Methodist Church, for the reason that they very fact of being a Methodist insures the loss of this unfortunate person's soul." Our Methodist brethren will please take notice.

THE pressure of the times through which we have passed, has been felt in Missionary work, so as to prevent expansion. The American Board ended its year on September 1st, with a debt just about as large as last year. The receipts have been $431,000. The appropriations have reached $20,000 the last year, and the work, of course, stopped in its enlargement to that extent.

THE Baptist Social Union of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity will hold its first meeting for the season at the Penn avenue Baptist church, East End. The delegates to the National Convention to be held at the same time alone in Philadelphia, will make reports. The subject for discussion will be "The Fall Campaign in Our Churches." Rev. J. G. Wrightnour will make the opening address.

THE Ladies' Missionary Society of the Sandusky street Baptist church, Allegheny, gave a reception at the house of their pastor, Rev. B. F. Woodburn, on Thursday evening. Rev. Dr. Hutton and Woodburn made addresses. An essay was read by Miss Zilla Bunn, a poem by Miss Annie Marshall, and a letter from Miss Haswell, of Burmah. The singing from Gospel Hymns was excellent. The attendance of earnest friends of missions was large and the evening delightfully spent.

MINISTERS, especially in our Church, cannot be justly charged with avaricious-ness. Most of them labor for about one-third of what they would be willing to take in any other employment. An ordinary clerkship pays more than one-half of the salaries of pastors. Yet the servant of the Lord goes out willingly to his field of labor, counting it joy to "suffer hardness" for the Master. It is then but reasonable that we should smooth the way as much as possible, and make the pastor's lot as desirable as we can.

AS the summer ends, and the chilly days of autumn come, we are made to reflect on the flight of time, and the transitoriness of life and earthly enjoyments. And to those who are growing old, and with whom the larger part of a career is contemplated in the past, the reflection is such as to take the direction of a lament that life is such an utter vanity. But the hasty life brings us the more quickly to heaven. The short journey, if it is pursued in Christian faith, is the end and consummation. Why shall we not see in the falling leaves a suggestion of the fact that we, as they, are ripening in rest amid scenes made delightful by unfading foliage.—*United Presbyterian.*

THE Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church will hold its semi-annual meeting in the city of Pittsburgh on the last Thursday of October, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Third church, on Sixth avenue. The "Pittsburgh and Allegheny committee" take great pleasure in inviting delegates from all the societies reporting through them, and also from all Presbyterial societies and others who may be able to come. It is hoped that there will be present one or more members from every church in this region; and for the convenience of those having the matter in charge, it is desirable to know the number of representatives who will remain over night. There will be entertainment for all. Address Mrs. A. A. Hodge, Allegheny city, Pa.

HERE'S richness.—as Brother *Spencer* would remark. The Methodist ministers of New York on Thursday had a conference, and there was some very plain talk among them. One of their number said that there was too much gospel clap-trap and trickery, and he was sick of hearing preachers announce that on a certain day or night the seats would be free to the poor. They had too many fine churches, and too much attention was paid to the rich. Even the Gospel Tent was pitched among the wealthy residences and not on the Battery, among the poor, where it properly belonged. Another clergyman went still further, and said there was as much humbug in the Methodist church as any other. He thought it would be a good thing if one-third of the Methodist churches were sold to pay the debts of the other two-thirds. All these remarks were greeted with applause.

ASSESSMENT APPEALS.

Persons Who Think They Have to Pay Too Much.

The Committee on Appeals met last evening, Mr. Finnerty presiding.

Appeals were allowed as follows: John Wallace, Franklin's heirs, John Metcalf, Fifteenth ward; Thomas Murphy, John Chiselett, Seventeenth ward; Michael Toner.

The following were referred to the Assessors: Aaron Hyde, Thirty-sixth ward; Samuel Fritz, Ninth ward. R. Cody, of the Fourteenth ward, was exonerated from the payment of all taxes.

The petitions of W. W. Wallace, John Mackin, and Elizabeth Agenton, Twenty-eighth ward, were laid over.

Adjourned.

PITTSBURGH CONFERENCE.

A Variety of Reports—The Ratio of Representation—Presiding Elder Districts—Afternoon and Evening Meetings—Appointments for Services To-morrow.

The devotional exercises yesterday morning at the opening of the session of the Pittsburgh M. E. Conference were conducted by Rev. P. M. McGowan. After the minutes had been read and approved, the third question, "Who remain on trial?" was taken up, and Revs. G. T. Reynolds, O. A. Emerson, W. G. Weaver, A. Cameron, J. T. Sledge, S. M. Bell and W. N. Richards, reported their missionary and necessitous collections, were examined, passed, and continued on trial. Rev. C. B. Lank was discontinued at his own request. S. M. Bell and J. T. Steffy were elected to Deacon's Orders. The reports of the Committees on Temperance, Freedmen's Aid Society, Parsonage, Centenary and Books and Periodicals were read and adopted. A paper from the Trustees of Mt. Union College was referred to the Committee on Education.

The special order for ten o'clock, viz., the consideration of the action of the late General Conference in changing the ratio of ministerial representation in that body was taken up, and on motion of Dr. Nesbit that action was concurred in by a vote of 87 yeas to 11 nays. The action of the General Conference in reference to the change of the third restrictive rule, giving the annual Conferences the privilege of deciding the number of Presiding Elder districts, was next presented, and was laid on the table until official data could be had, that it might be presented in correct form.

Rev. J. J. Hays moved that the action taken on Thursday in adopting a resolution restricting the number of districts into which the Conference should be divided, be reconsidered. The motion was carried, and Rev. W. K. Brown then moved as an amendment that the Conference recommend the Bishop to leave the number of districts as they now are. This was discussed at some length pro and con, by several members of the Conference, among whom were Revs. W. K. Brown, D. L. Dempsey, J. L. Deems, S. H. Nesbit, and L. C. Pershing. The principal argument in favor of reducing the number of Presiding Eldersdistricts was based on grounds of economy, that the people desired to be relieved from supporting so many Presiding Elders. Those who favored the present number argued that there are now one hundred and thirty-five appointments in the Conference, and one hundred and forty members. To reduce the number of districts would be to increase the number of ministers unprovided for. Finally, the hour for adjournment drawing near, the matter was laid on the table for future consideration.

The report in relation to Allegheny College, presented by Dr. J. H.

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 49½f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 103⅜

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110.

THE closing days of the Centennial prove to be its best, so far as attendance is concerned. There is a vast increase, and the rush from various parts of the country is tremendous. It is thought that this will continue till about the middle of September.

IT is surprising how little material it takes to give happiness to the average Democratic newspaper. TILDEN'S defense is, mainly, a mass of verbiage that is no defense at all. Most of the charges stand unbroken, while the non-rendering of income tax returns after 1862, is put on the ground of avoiding trouble. Yet the Democratic press are jubilant over this mess of trash.

THE heavy traffic on the railroads leads to occasional accidents. That on the Pan Handle, yesterday, simply illustrated the general fact. The travel on the lines of road that act as feeders to the Pennsylvania road is very large, and that on the latter road is excessive. Probably no other road in the country could possibly transport the immense traffic that daily passes over the great trunk line, and while it is taxed to the very utmost, the system and efficiency of the road prove sufficient for the emergency.

THE steady progress of the canvass is still in favor of the Republican party. Not a week passes that we do not hear of persons who had been counted on to vote the Democratic ticket, who give decided expression to their purpose to support the Republican ticket. It is felt that in the Congressional canvass, in this county, it is particularly important to carry the Republican candidate. Last winter's revival of rebel cotton and other claims, and the interest manifested in the House in behalf of JEFF. DAVIS, show that we cannot depend on Democrats fulfilling political promises. We were never more earnestly called upon to vote on a basis of principle than we are now.

SO FAR as TILDEN'S statement has been noticed by the press of the country, the decision has been against it. The statements fell far below the necessities of the case. HAYES not merely showed that he had not withheld the truth, but that he had returned all he could to the Government. TILDEN confined his defense to a denial of the points made, so far as he could deny. But there was not a manly and open meeting of the issues involved, such as was the case with HAYES. How much income had TILDEN? If so much that he could not readily give the figures, it would have been more than $7,118. All the peculiarities of the defense show that TILDEN is caught in a bad place. His defense lacks openness and candor, and honesty.

IF A farmer purchased a calf in the year 1860, and nourished it until 1863, and then sold it for a good, round profit, according to TILDEN'S theory of the income tax, he would not be obliged to return it, because a portion of the profit was *earned* previous to the year in which the return was made. Again, if a man should have written a book in the year 1862, and his agent—the publisher—could not make any returns of profit on sales until 1863, because of sub agents not reporting, according to the same authority the profit when reported in 1863, would not be subject to an income tax, although received that year. Other illustrations could be given, but we will mention but one more. The crop of grain raised by a farmer in 1862 was not of course returnable until sold. If it were not sold until 1863, according to TILDEN, it would not be subject to an income tax, because it was not *earned* in that year. How easy it would have been to have escaped the tax if TILDEN is right.

THE INCOME TAX ANSWER.

Judge SINNOTT, in behalf of, and doubtless under the direction of Governor TILDEN, has made answer, at last, to the income tax charges, and this answer merits attention. It is accompanied by a letter from Congressman HEWITT, to the effect that he wrote a note to the Secretary of the Treasury asking an account of TILDEN'S income tax returns, and failed to receive an answer, while others, he alleges were allowed to photo-lithograph those returns. As a whine, this may have its value; but as a point in behalf of TILDEN'S income, or of official unfairness, it amounts to nothing. The Secretary is not the custodian of income tax papers, and we suppose that those who did see those returns went to the proper official, personally, which Mr. HEWITT did not, by his own confession, do. Of course, those papers are not sent around, at any one's bidding. However, as the genuineness of the returns made are not questioned, HEWITT'S complaint at most involves only a question of courtesy.

The defense, put by SINNOTT, at most, but partially covers the case. It pretends to meet the details of charges of 1862, and to justify the non-rendering of returns for the assessment of income tax in subsequent years. Of the latter, it is enough to say that the entire justification is put on the ground that it was inconvenient to make returns, and that he believed $15,000 fully covered his receipts. Further that he availed himself of the law as it stood. This, it will be observed, is a negative answer, and stands in the face of the fact that during those years he rolled up wealth till he came out of the war worth millions. It is evidently prevarication, and the facts will be thoroughly searched after. It is morally certain that he made, during the time the income tax was levied, large amounts of money. He did not possess the investments at the outbreak of the war, that are talked of. Where did he get the money to make them? It is evident that this part of the case is met only by an assertion that is a palpable falsehood.

On the charge of fraud and perjury in 1862, Mr. SINNOTT makes a detailed answer. He denies that TILDEN rendered an itemized account for drawing certain mortgages and other legal papers for the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, and which he dated in 1862—and denies that one of the papers so dated was drawn by Mr. TILDEN at all, but claims that a lump charge was made for prior services, those mentioned being included. The lump charge of $25,000, made and received in 1862 is, then, admitted; and the fact that an important part of the work was done in that year is undisputed. Now if he did important work for that company in previous years, could he not have stated it, and also, why he left a large bill to accumulate, till it aggregated $25,000 before he collected it? Is that his way of doing business? As against the fact that he did important work in 1862, and received pay to the amount of $25,000 that year, we have simply the assertion, which can be admitted without lessening the force of the general charge, that he did not perform one item of the work charged, and the further assertion, which has nothing to back it, that he did work before 1862, for which he was paid in the year named. We submit that as all the items shown were admitted the work of 1862; and as the nature of the service forbids the presumption that he had done anything of moment before, this part of the defense falls. He did important work in 1862, and was paid $25,000 that year. So much is admitted. It is claimed that he did work previously, but no items of evidence are given. Thus we hold that this item stands unbroken.

It is not denied that he received $5,000 from the Cumberland Coal Company, June 14, 1862, but the claim is made, "*if anything was received*" it was for an old account. What old account? A defence of this character, to amount to anything, must be specific. This is not, and hence we assume that the charge is in all respects true. The most desperate resort to this "previous service" plea, however, is made in the Terre Haute Railroad case. He could not, of course, get behind his oath, as to the receipt; but he does ignore the essential features of the sworn paper, put in as a defense in that case, wherein he recites, as though drawn in 1862, a long list of legal papers,—and this vast work is offered as a justification of the charges made, the receipt of which is acknowledged. Further than that, as declared by the New York *Times*. "It was in March, 1862, that the railroad was sold at public auction to SAMUEL J. TILDEN and others, nominated as a Purchasing Committee; it was in June of the same year that the formal conveyance of the Trustees and Master Commissioners were effected; it was in June that the certificate of corporation of the new company was filed and its directors appointed; it was in June that the new board, of which Mr. TILDEN was a member, held its first meeting and referred certain important resolutions to its counsel, SAMUEL J. TILDEN, and it was at various dates in the same year that the final deeds of trust were executed, the distribution of new bonds effected, and the "reconstruction" job wound up, very much to the profit of SAMUEL J. TILDEN." In brief, he "earned," as well as received, his $20,000 in 1862.

The paper of SINNOTT denies that he received, in 1862, any moneys from the Chicago and North-western Company; but it does not deny that he "earned" such moneys. The $1,000 Balance Dry Dock Company receipt is admitted. It has been discovered, since the first charge was made of overreceipts, in 1862, that he received that year, from the Union Pacific Railroad, $25,000, though not yet certainly known when earned. Of general income in 1862, from interest, dividends, and the like, he had $12,000—against which deductions could not exceed $6,500. Taking all the items not squarely answered, as good, and allowing all that are clearly denied, and adding in the two additional items mentioned, and we have this result: Total receipts for 1862, $111,000. Amount sworn to, $7,118.

It will be noticed, that with the exception of two items, totally denied and allowed, the only plea made is, that while he received $76,000, all this money except $7,118, was earned previously to 1862! This is the entire defence. To put it differently,—he claims, that while he had of collectable debts, resulting from previous practice, $76,000, which he actually collected in 1862, that during that year, with all its activities, and with his increasing reputation, he only made, net, $7,118. This is precisely what the defense amounts to. Does any sane man believe it? Is there enough plausibility in it to deserve a moment's credit?

DEATH OF REV. WM. D. HOWARD, D. D.

The countless friends of Doctor HOWARD were startled, as by a clap of thunder in a clear day, by the news of his sudden and wholly unlooked for death yesterday morning. The good man had risen in the morning and breakfasted in his usual apparently robust health. Shortly after he was seized by a pain which quickly grew alarming. Medical aid was promptly summoned, but within two hours of the attack he was a corpse. The fatal cause was pronounced rheumatism of the heart. The Doctor during the summer had symptoms of muscular rheumatism, we believe, in the arms and side, but these had subsided, and no apprehensions were felt by himself or his family of his impending death. What shadows we are! What shadows we pursue!

Doctor HOWARD was born at Philadelphia in July, A. D. 1814, and was therefore in the sixty-third year of his age. Lafayette College was his Academic *Alma Mater*. His theological studies were directed by the venerable Doctor WILLIAM NEILL, of Philadelphia. His first pastorate was of the Presbyterian Church at Frankford, then a populous manufacturing suburb of Philadelphia, where he continued for nine or ten years; from Frankford he was called to succeed the Rev. R. DUNLAP in the pastorate of the venerable Second Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, a post of high duty, which he has adorned by able and faithful ministrations, and always with great acceptance to a large, wealthy and inteligent congregation by whom he was ever greatly beloved. He came to this city in May, 1849, and the continuity of his labors among his loving flock has been interupted only by his visitation of the sick in the hospitals during the late civil war, relative to which on his return he preached a number of most touching and soul stirring sermons. We have spoken of the love felt for him by the people of his charge; it is due to his memory to add that he was a general favorite and maintained the most friendly relations with clerical and lay Christians of all denominations, by whom, as well as by his own people, his death comes as a grievous shock, and will be lamented as for the loss of one beloved by all. He was a faithful parochial visitor, a scholarly, earnest and logical preacher, whose place it will be difficult to supply. It was the opinion of many that—albeit his head was filled with intellectual and theological lore—it was rather an auxiliary of his large, pious and benevolent heart, than master, as between the two is customary.

We join, as we know our readers will, in sympathies and lamentations with his stricken and bereaved family and his sorrowing church.

THE LAW OF CARRIERS.

How a Chicago Boy Managed a Difficult Case.

A clever young boy, living on Prairie avenue, has had his life made a burden to him by the impositions of a young widow, who boards with his pa and ma. She is always sending him on errands, and, when he does them, instead of giving him a quarter, or even saying "Thank you!" she pitches into him for being so long, or doing it so badly. The trodden boy turned at last, and last week, when she sent him up to a hair store, on West Madison street, with her wealth of golden ringlets to have a curl put into them, he just leaned pensively over the railing of the bridge and let a stream of jute and things that would have made Berenice or Mrs. S. A. Allen jealous cascade into the gently-rippling stream. Then he went home, reaching the paternal domicile just as the family was sitting down to tea. Said the young widow: "Charley, did you deliver my parcel? When did they say it would be done? What a long time you were gone. If I were a boy I could have gone there and back twice in the time." "Yes'm," he replied meekly. "Well, when will it be done?" "They didn't say." "Didn't say? Didn't you give them the parcel?" "No, 'm; I found it, but I lost the things." "Lost the things? How?" "They fell into the river." "Well, you are a nice boy to send on a message. If I was your father I'd take the hide off'n you with a stick." "But, madam," replied the boy with dignity, "you are not father, nor yet my mother. (Sensation.) Besides, not being a common carrier, and not having entered into a contract with you to carry your parcel for and in consideration of any sum, I have incurred no liability, and am liable to no penalty. If I had undertaken to carry the parcel for my own particular profit, my father even would not have been responsible for its loss (see Butler vs. Basing, 2 C. & P. 614) unless, indeed, he paid me smaller wages because of the opportunity thus afforded me to make small sums. On this point I will not quote Dwight vs. Brewster, 1 Pickering (Mass.) 50, but, rising from the law to the equity of the case, I have only to say——" But before he could say it his father had moved the young Chief Justice from the room, and in the safe seclusion of the back shed, engaged in friendly remonstrance with him. The young widow shed a grateful wink at him on his return, while the boy went up-stairs and slept on all-fours like a mule. Despairing of obtaining justice, or even a hearing at that tribunal, the boy has taken an appeal to his mother's supreme court, where he will bring the case up for final adjudication on a writ of certiorari, obtained by putting up a lock of that young widow's false golden hair in a piece of silver paper, and stowing it away in his pa's pocket the evening after his mother had given her husband a letter to post. The boy thinks his ma will look through his pockets, and, as her hair is black and she is very jealous, he has no doubt whatever but that the decision will be reversed with heavy damages against the widow.

How it Came About.

"Mawning mister," said Lucy Kelley her black face appearing in front of the bar.

"I should think you'd feel pretty cheap," replied his Honor, as he finished writing her name.

"Well, I 'spose I do. Times are hard an' I 'spose de price of folks is down 'cordingly. Still, I shouldn't like to be traded off for a melon."

"You'd like to raise another row, wouldn't you?"

"No, sah, de trouble dat I had wid Mrs. Brown has been amercably settled, an' all is joy and peace."

"You settled it by slapping her mouth, I understand?"

"Just so, sah. I intended to hit her on de foot, but she doged and de blow fell on her mouf."

"But you screamed and screeched and raised the whole of Kaintuck."

"I was calling for the policers, sah. Dey doan' hear right smart, an' I had to holler purty high."

"Yes—ahem—well, I guess you won't holler any more for thirty days to come."

"Does you inten' to be hard on a poor colored women, Jedge?. Jist remember dat times are hard—awful hard."

"Thirty days," he answered.

"Is dere no retraction?"

"None."

"Has dis poor chile got to go up?"

"She has."

"Wid funeral expenses thrown in?"

"I suppose so."

"Den I shall be dead when de sun sits—dead behind de ba's, an' you, Jedge, will be de murdereh!"

Some catarrh snuff which Bijah gave her seemed to put her in better spirits, and she agreed to live for his sake.—*Detroit Free Press*

Opening a Car Window.

It requires six men, according to the San Francisco *News Letter*, to put up a car window. A young lady gets in, and having humped around in her seat for about five minutes, she turns and requests the gentleman just behind her to perform that service. This is a near-sighted individual, who peers around the window frame some time for the catch, and then—of course the window sticks—jerks his finger nail half off, and sits down with a red face, amid the giggling of the school girls opposite. Next, the man in the front seat puts his lavender-colored knee on a paper of cherries beside him, clutches and yanks at the knob, and finally falls over into the young lady's lap. The cause of all this misery now remarks that "it doesn't matter," and then smiles sweetly at a pale young man with long hair. This martyr turns white, rises, and buttons up his coat for the death struggle. On the eleventh pull the knobs and blood vessel somewhere, and goes into the toilet compartment to bleed. A simple-minded mechanic now comes forward with his tool bag, from which he takes a crowbar. Just when he is about to use this the conductor happens by, and slides the window airily up with a gentle twist of the wrist.

Why He was Particular.

A man entered the Chicago *Tribune* office and left the following advertisement:

PERSONAL—The advertiser desires to make the acquaintance of a lady of refinement and good looks, 5 feet 4½ inches high, and weighing about 136 pounds, bust measure 39 inches; waist measure 28½ inches; size of boot, 3½; ditto of glove, 5½; complexion pronounced brunette, deep hazel eyes, with a view to matrimony. Address W., 1,708 *Tribune* office.

"Seems to me you're mighty particular about the size and kind of wife you want," observed the advertising clerk. "Well, perhaps I am, but you see my wife died before we had been married long, and she hadn't begun to half wear out her clothes, and the father gave her form such sight of 'em, so it seems to me kinder like flying in the face of Providence when silk and things is so dear and the country laboring in the throes of a financial convulsion to take another mate, and let the moths break through, and rust and corrupt all them duds. So I just want a wife to match all them things."

A Conundrum.

The following, from the last number of "Walford's Old and New London," may interest some of our readers:

"In a church that is finished with mullion and gable,
With altar and reredos, with gargoyle and groin,
The penitents' dresses are sealskin and sable,
The odor of Sanctity's Eau de Cologne.
But if only could Lucifer, flying from Hades,
Gaze down on this crowd with panniers and paints,
He could say, as he looked at the lords and the ladies,
Of where is 'All Sinners,' if this is 'All Saints?'"

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward, Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. McELROY, Jr., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. McGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. McCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

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Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MILNOR.
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1876. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1876.

—AT—

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NEW CASHMERES,
NEW DRESS GOODS.

Our stock of Black and Colored Silks is now, as heretofore, replete in every quality, and our large sales on these goods are a sufficient guarantee to our patrons as to prices being the lowest.

At 75c to $3.50 and upwards, superior bargains in Black Silks.

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At $1, assorted shades in Brown Dress Silks.

At $1.12½c, very latest fall shades in Colored Silks, with a very fine line of striped, checked, mourning and brocade silks, all at our old and usual lowest prices.

FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Our stock of Fancy Dress Goods has been entirely replenished with all the very latest novelties, in New Fall Dress Goods in all classes of goods and lowest to finest textures from 8c per yard to $2.

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Our line of Black Cashmeres and Colored Cashmeres in latest shades will in the future be found always leading, both as to variety and prices. It is now very complete and extra good bargains offered.

FLANNELS.

A very large and complete stock of Eastern and Country Made Flannels, all in new patterns at mill prices.
Fine Pressed and Opera Flannels.
Embroidered Skirting and Shaker Flannels.

NEW GOODS.

New goods at Lowest Prices.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

In Ladies' Department.

Grand Opening to-day and Beautiful Display of Patterns Hats and Bonnets of French, English and American Styles, just received. Ladies' New Styles in Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets. Most Beautiful Line of New Flowers, Feathers, Wings and Tips, just received and landed from Europe. An Elegant Display of New Hat Ornaments and Jewelry of all kinds---Celluloid Coral Jewelry a Specialty.

Latest and Newest Shades in Ribbons in all Widths to match. Sash Ribbons in all the Leading Colors.

We invite Particular Attention to the New and Beautiful line of Plain, Hem-stitched, Medallion and Fancy Bordered Linen Sets, all Cardinal Sets, &c.

New and Complete line of Ladies' Ties and Neckwear. Black Lace Scarfs, Barbs and Scarfing Nets.

New Assortment of Dress Trimmings, Lacing Cords, Tassels, Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs in Cardinal and Navy Blue.

New Assortment Ladies' and Misses' Lisle and Kid Gloves, with a New and Complete Stock of Everything in the way of Woolen Goods for Misses and Infants. Hoods, Caps, Sacques, &c., &c. Knitting Balmoral Yarn, Germantown Yarn, Zephyrs, &c., all at Our Usual Lowest Prices.

GRAND OPENING

to-day of a large line of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth Sacques in latest Paris fall styles, lowest to finest qualities at very low prices.

SHAWLS.

At a reduction from former prices a new line of Cashmere Brocade Shawls, Black Thibet Shawls, New Striped and Fancy Shawls.

SUITS, UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Overdresses made of most fashionable materials in newest fall styles at lowest prices.

Ladies' and Misses' Underwear, medium and heavy weight, all sizes at lowest prices.

CLOTHING.

An unusually fine assortment of Gents', Youths' and Boys' Ready Made Fall Clothing at less than usual prices.

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A full and complete stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., in all grades.

BLANKETS.

Eastern and Country Blanke's in White, Brown, Gray, Blue and Green at factory prices.

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Special good bargains in Marseilles and Honey-comb Quilts. Advantageous purchases having been made of these goods, we are offering extra inducements.

Calico Comforts of our own manufacture at lowest prices.

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Special inducements in Gents' Furnishing and Fancy Goods.

With somewhat the feeling of pride we invite the attention of the public to an examination of our Store, New Departments having been added, making it one of the Most Complete West of New York, and almost of any in the UNION. A Representative of Our House being in the East Every Week, and sometimes—very frequently—twice, the Leading Novelties are at once placed in stock, and to-day, with the New and Large Additions Just Received, will be found the Most Complete, Fresh and Attractive it has ever been our pleasure to exhibit, and as Usual Our Prices will be Found Always the Very Lowest.

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In over 100 different shades in 6 qualities, from $1.25 per yard up.

Check and Stripe Black and Colored Grounds, Black Brocade Silks.

Colored Brocade Silks, new patterns, this Falls' importation.

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Black Trimming Velvets, Black Costume Velvets, Colored Trimming Velvets.

Black Gros Grain Silks,

Most reliable makes, quality guaranteed, from $1 25 per yard. We will for the next 30 days offer all goods at the old prices so popular during the season just passed.

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Feathers and Flowers,

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Silk and Chenille Fringes,

Colored Silk Fringes, Tassels, Cords and Buttons to match Silks.

Black Silk and Crochet Trimming, Buttons, Tassels, Cords and Ornaments.

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REV. R. J. COSTER, Rector.
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Will reopen on MONDAY, September 11th. Applications after September 1st.
MISSES LEECH.
33

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FOR BOYS.

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LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JACOB COLLARD, deceased. Letters of administration upon the estate of JACOB COLLARD, deceased, late of the borough of West Baileyville, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to
SIMON MARKS, Administrator,
28 South street, Allegheny City.
b56-8

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the members of the Association, the People's Savings Bank of Allegheny, will apply to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for a charter of incorporation under the provisions of the Act of General Assembly of said Commonwealth entitled an "Act for the incorporation and regulation of Banks of Discount and Deposit, approved May, 1876." That the name and style of such bank will be the People's State Bank; its location the city of Allegheny, Pa.; its specific object general banking and discounting privileges, as granted by said act, and the amount of capital ($100,000) one hundred thousand dollars, with privilege of increasing to two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000).
S. C. SCHOYER,
Attorney for Association.
Allegheny, May 25, 1876.
g12-8

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64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,

has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Building, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 4th street, Pittsburgh, Am. Saddle, Pa. Safety Valve Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

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Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855, manufacturers of the well-known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic H

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Properties to be Sold by R. H. Fife, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, October 2d, 1876, at 10 O'Clock A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Five hundred dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off, shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, or by Friday, Oct. 6th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, Oct. 6th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such resale, shall make good the same; in case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. of the purchase money be paid in addition to the $500.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers, who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name, we make the following

EXPLANATION.

No. 2, Court of Common Pleas. No. 2 indicates the court of which the writ of execution was issued under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend. Ex., Venditioni Exponas; L. F., or Lev. Fa., Levari Facias; F. F., or Fi. Fa., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writs; a Levari Facias is the writ of sale upon a mortgage, mechanics' lien, or a municipal lien; Venditioni, or Fieri Facias, upon an ordinary debt, or for ground rent; 00, O., means No. 33, October Term, 1876, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is the name of the attorney issuing the writ.

THEODORE PAINTER.

No. 2, F. F., 3, O., '76. $1,240.00.

McCOMBS.

Lots Nos. 5, 6, 7, and 8 in Wm. Fornoff's plan, fronting 96 feet on the Perrysville Plank Road, Reserve Township, running back 94 feet 3 inches to Fornoff street, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

JOHN KELLY AND THOMAS BERRY.

No. 2, V. E., 10 and 21, O., '76. $5,666 66. $525 54.

Lot fronting 44 feet on the east side of Chestnut street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along Fortes street 60 feet to a private alley.

2D.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Chestnut street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 60 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, No. 31.

CHARLES OHLIGER, DECEASED, IN THE HANDS OF E. G. KREHAN, EXT'R.

No. 2, L. F., 14, O., '76. $1,461.90.

FERGUSON.

Lot fronting 40 feet on the south side of Mary street, borough of East Birmingham, running back along Twenty-sixth street, 80 feet to Eller's line, and having thereon erected two two story frame dwelling houses.

R. H. BEATTY.

No. 2, F. F., 23, O., '76. $5,000.

STRICKLER.

Piece of land situate in Patton township, bounded by lands of Robert Beatty, Samuel Beatty's heirs, Wm. Shaw's heirs, Bethel church property, John Monetan heirs, John and Peter Sanger and others, containing 150 acres more or less, and having thereon erected a two story dwelling, barn, and other improvements.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM, ALIAS JOHN A. MENSINGER, ALIAS JOHN SANSINGER.

No. 2, L. F., 28, O., '76. $568.98.

ACHESON.

Piece of ground situate in Wilkins township, fronting 154 feet on Coray street, running back along Locust alley 139 feet, to Chestnut alley, containing 18 290 superficial feet.

MARY WALTERS, WITH NOTICE TO JAMES WELSH, TERRE TENANT.

No. 2, L. F., 32, O., '76. $614.00.

A. C. PATTERSON.

Lot fronting 19 feet on the north side of Franklin street, 168 feet west from Sedgewick street, Allegheny City, running back 65 feet.

JAMES WELSH AND ELIZABETH ANN WELSH.

No. 2, L. F., 33, O., '76. $448 00.

A. C. PATTERSON.

Lot fronting 24 feet on Ohio avenue, Allegheny City, running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 250; page 159.

HENRY PAULUS, WITH NOTICE TO JAMES AND ELIZABETH WELSH, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 2, L. F., 34, O., '76. $623.00.

A. C. PATTERSON.

Lot No. 31 in plan of the overseers of the city of Pittsburgh, fronting 24 feet on Ohio avenue, Allegheny City, running back 130 feet to a 24 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 69-222; pages 333-349.

JOHN RIPPER.

No. 2, L. F., 35, O., '76. $654.00.

B. & L.

Piece of land situate in Killbuck township, bounded by the Ohio river, Beaver road and lands of Henry Reineher, containing 23 acres and 23 perches more or less, subject to certain rights and privileges of the P. F. W. & C. R. R. and Daniel Hall and wife. Deed Book, vol. 163, page 279.

JAMES L. ROBSON.

No. 2, L. F., 36, O., '76. $777.23.

F. & J.

Lot No. 24 in A. B. Burgers' plan, fronting 40 feet on John street, Borough of Braddocks, running back 40 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a two-story dwelling house with basement. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 52.

GEORGE SCHEUTTINGER AND CATHARINE SCHEUTTINGER, HIS WIFE.

No. 2, L. F., 37, O., '76. $185 00.

LIGHTENRIELD.

Lot fronting 48 feet on the north side of the Robinson Road, Seventh ward, Allegheny city, running back 55 feet.

GEORGE BIRCH AND MARGARET BIRCH.

No. 2, L. F., 38, O., '76. $470.00.

J. C. PATTERSON.

Lot No. 33 in Daniel McGuirk's plan, fronting 25 feet on the south side of Centre street, Wilkins township, running back 125 feet to an alley 20 feet wide. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 85.

BENJAMIN F. RIGGINS AND MARGARET E. RIGGINS.

No. 2, L. F., 40, O., '76. $7,126.19

McKENNA.

Lot fronting 58½ feet on the east side of Vermont street, 40 feet north from Adams street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, running back 80 feet to an alley 10 feet wide, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two story brick mansion house.

WILHELM KROMER.

No. 2, F. F., 43, O., '76. $150.

KOETHER.

Lot fronting 50 feet on South street, borough Allentown, running back along East street 75 feet, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, with one story frame kitchen attached.

SAMUEL A. JOHNSTON.

No. 2, F. F., 45, O., '76. $1,000 05.

J. H. HAYS.

Lot No. 6 in McLaren & Hershberger's plan, fronting 21 feet on Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 80 feet more or less to Virgin alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 44.

JOHN STEPHAN.

No. 2, F. F., 57, O., '76. $1,250.

D. T. WATSON.

Lot fronting 21 feet 7 inches more or less on Pike street, Third ward, Allegheny City, running back 168 feet more or less to an alley, and having thereon erected one two story brick dwelling house and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 234, page 466.

GEORGE W. RUNDELS, WITH NOTICE TO CHAS. SIEBERT AND C. L. STRAUB, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 2, L. F., 66, O., '76. $5,510.53.

BURGWIN.

The south ¼ part of lot No. 12 in plan of the heirs of Jno. Chislett, dec'd, fronting 30 feet on the west side of Forty-fifth street, 182 7-100 feet from Davidson street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 105 71-100 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected two 2½ story brick dwelling houses. Deed Book, vol. 287, page 29. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 21.

J. M. LAFFERTY.

No. 2, F. F., 68, O., '76. $865.75.

McCONNELL.

The northern ¼ part of lot No. 21 in plan of the estate of John Aiken, dec'd, fronting 20 9-25 feet on Centre street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 123 64-100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 337, page 10.

2D.

The southern ¼ part of lot No. 21 in said plan, fronting 20 9-25 feet on Centre street, said ward, running back 133 24-100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 337, page 12. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 78 and 79.

GEORGE NICHOLAS.

No. 2, F. F., 70, O., '76. $1,350.00.

KOETHERN.

Lots Nos. 31 and 32 in Boyd & Allen's plan, fronting 91 feet on Third street, borough of Allentown, and having back 125 feet to Locust alley, and having thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house with kitchen attached. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 122.

ECKHARD FATUM.

No. 2, F. F., 75, O., '76. $800. KOETHES.

Lot No. 122 in Robinson's plan, fronting 25 feet on High street, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, running back 280 feet to A. Miller's line, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

JAMES NILAND.

No. 2, F. F., 77, 118, O., '76. $99 64 $345.35. McCOMBS.

MITCHELL, B. & M.

Lot No. 43, in James Verner's plan, fronting 24 feet on Walnut street, 48 feet from Porter street, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, running back 100 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 299, page 322. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 306 and 307.

AUGUST OSWALD.

No. 2, F. F., 78, O., '76. $360. SHANNON.

Lot No. 18, in Martin Voeghtly's plan, fronting 25 feet on Villa street, Seventh ward, Allegheny city, running back along an alley 100 feet to Water alley, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and carpenter shop. Deed Book, vol. 245, page 490.

H. ELTON, ASSIGNEE.

No. 2, L. F., 160, O., '75. $953.33.

McKENNA.

Lot fronting 28 feet on Adams street, 68 feet west from Fulton street, Allegheny City, running back 128 feet 9 inches from Grant alley, and having thereon erected two two-story frame dwelling houses. Deed Book, vol. 244, page 359.

2D.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Adams street, 48 feet west from Fulton street, Allegheny City, running back 128 feet 9 inches from Grant alley, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house with basement and finished attic. Deed Book, vol. 334, page 352. Plan Book, vol. 5, page 178.

JOHN WILKINSON, WITH NOTICE TO W. K. JENNINGS, ASSIGNEE, AND IN BOROUGH OF PHILLIPS AND EMILY, HIS WIFE, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 2, L. F., 211, O., '76. $11,181.80.

PAXTON.

Piece of land situate in South Fayette Township, bounded by lands of Wm. Henry heirs, Samuel Kennedy, and other lands of Jno. Wilkinson, containing 69 acres and 32 perches, and having thereon a frame dwelling house and stable. Deed Book, vol. 100, page 471.

2D.

Piece of land situate in said township bounded by lands of Emily Phillips and other lands of John Wilkinson, containing 13¼ acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a one story and a half brick dwelling house with frame addition, barn, stable, corn crib, &c.

3D.

Piece of land situate in said township bounded by lands of McCrea's heirs, Emily Phillips, Samuel Jordan and other lands of Jno. Wilkinson, containing 23 acres and 83 perches, more or less, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, shed and stable. Deed Book, vol. 221, page 471.

4TH.

Piece of land situate in said township, bounded by lands of Emily Phillips, Henry Wilkinson, Mary Ann Wilkinson, George Forsythe and other lands of John Wilkinson, containing 22 acres and 50 perches more or less, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and stable, &c. Deed Book, vol. 267, page 467.

DAVID E. FOX.

No. 2, L. F., 212, O., '76. $2,007.30. GILL.

Lots Nos. 5 and 6 in Daniel McGurk's plan, fronting each 25 feet on Frankstown avenue, Pittsburgh, running back 100 feet to an alley, 24 feet wide, and having thereon erected one two story frame building occupied as wholesale liquor store and dwelling. Deed Book, vol. —, page —.

MATHIAS YORINGER.

No. 2, F. F., 214, O., '76. $840.

MUELLER.

Lots Nos. 19, 18 17 and ½ of lot No. 16 in Adam Reineman's plan, fronting 87½ feet on the north side of Spring Garden avenue, Tenth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 112 feet to High street, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, butcher shop, ice house, &c., and large frame house. Deed Book, vol. 335, page 108. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 30.

GOTTLIEB PITCH.

No. 2, V. E., 219, '76. $81 63. GILL.

Lots Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16 in C. H. Love's plan, fronting 100 feet on Virginia avenue, Chartiers township, running back along Lower avenue, Jail Hill, and Water alley, and having thereon erected two frame dwelling houses.

STEPHEN WOODS, JR.

No. 2, L. F., 223, O., '76. $22,108.90.

E. F. JONES

Piece of land situate in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by lands of McCully, Hoevler, Wm. Lacock, Linn, Lachman, and a lane, containing 30 acres and 78 85 perches, and having thereon erected a dwelling house, gardner's house, large barn, fine orchard and other improvements. Deed Book, vol. 206, page 417.

JACOB H. DICKSON.

No. 2, L. F., 224, O., '76. $7,362.84.

GEYER.

Lot No. 17 in H. S. Fleming's plan, fronting 400 feet on Shady lane, Chartiers township, running back 187 feet 6 inches to an alley, containing 1 acre and 116 perches, and having thereon erected a two-story brick house. Deed Book, vol. 253, page 66. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 139.

WILLIAM BAXTER.

No. 2, L. F., 225, O., '76. $6,230 38.

GEYER.

Piece of land situate in Plum township, bounded by lands of Jeremiah Bryon, heirs of John Ross, Ephram Brownter and the heirs of Wm. McJunkin, containing 170 acres more or less.

NICHOLAS BEHM.

No. 2, L. F., 229, O., '76. $1,940.70. GEYER.

Lot fronting 50 feet on the northeast side of Spring Garden road, Reserve township, running back 75 feet more or less to land of Halerott. Deed Book, vol. 173, 226, page 322 126.

BENJAMIN W. PRESTON.

No. 2, L. F., 230, O., '76. $8,823 21. HALL.

Lot No. 1 in Oliveretta Wharton's plan, fronting 19 perches on the north side of the Beaver road, Kilbuck township, running back 37½ perches more or less, containing 2 acres and 5 perches, and having thereon erected a two-story frame carriage house, &c. Deed Book, vol. 282, page 669.

SCOTT GRAHAM.

No. —, V. E., 231, O., '76. $558 00.

COCHRAN

Lot No. 14 in James Patterson's plan, fronting 20 feet on the east side of Fifteenth street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 80 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story brick building for dwelling house with outbuildings, &c. Deed Book, vol. 262, page 312, &c.

RICHARD E. BREED.

No. 2, L. F., 239, O., '76. $13,998.85.

S. & W.

Piece of land situate in the Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Fifth avenue, Craft and Ormsby streets, and lands of Ginniss, containing 135 30-100 perches, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and frame stable.

GEORGE EMERSON WITH NOTICE TO TERRE TENANTS.

No. 2, L. F., 242, O., '76. $637.72.

R. & M'C.

Lot situate in the Third ward, Allegheny, at the distance of 133 feet east from the east side of Willis street, being 20 feet front by 100 feet in depth, and having thereon erected a one story frame dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 224, page 228.

G. A. M'ELFRESH.

No. 2, F. F., 243, O., '76. $393.75. R. & S

Lots Nos. 14, 15 and 16 in plan of the borough of Elizabeth, fronting each 50 feet and running back 120 feet to land of Samuel Walker. Also, 11, 12 and 13 in said plan, fronting each 60 feet and running back to an alley 16 1-2 feet wide, and having thereon erected one two-story frame house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 324, page 83.

ANDREW C. PATTERSON.

No. 2, L. F., 247, O., '76. $1,986.10.

LARGE.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Poplar street, Allegheny city, running back 71 feet 7½ inches, more or less, and having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 335, page 108. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 30.

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Lots Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16 in C. H. Love's plan, fronting 100 feet on Virginia avenue, Chartiers township, running back along Lower avenue, Jail Hill, and Water alley, and having thereon erected two frame dwelling houses.

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WILLIAM BAXTER.

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G. A. M'ELFRESH.

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Lots Nos. 14, 15 and 16 in plan of the borough of Elizabeth, fronting each 50 feet and running back 120 feet to land of Samuel Walker. Also, 11, 12 and 13 in said plan, fronting each 60 feet and running back to an alley, and having thereon erected a frame building or shop.

3D.

Lot fronting 41 feet 9 inches on Twelfth street, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along Washington street 120 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a large brick building and back building.

4TH

Lot fronting 60 feet on Bingham street, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along Bedford Square 48 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame building used as a tavern and dwelling.

5TH.

Lot fronting 75 feet more or less on the south side of Bingham street, 60 feet east from Bedford square, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 160 feet more or less to lands of Bayer & Miller, and having thereon erected a three story brick building, formerly used as a brewery, and a frame stable.

M. F. BRIGHT.

No. 2, F. F., 178, O., '76. $815.

DECAMP & RAMBO.

Piece of ground situate in the borough of Verona, bounded by "D" and Tenth streets, 24 feet alley, and lot No. 23 in plan of the partition of the Bright estate, containing 123 perches and 45 square feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. Deed Book, No. 311, page 566, &c.

MARSHALL COOPER.

No. 2, F. F., 190, O., '76. $1,997.97.

MARSHALL.

Lot No. 23 in plan of J. & A. Patterson, fronting 20 feet on Poplar street, Allegheny City, running back 120 feet 2 inches and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 2, page 110.

JOSEPH WACKER.

No. 2, L. F., 201, O., '76. $2,725 62.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Lot fronting 23 feet on the south side of Fayette street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City, running back along line of J. M. Donner, 67 feet to land of Hartman, and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 232, page 12. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 78 and 79.

WM. G. WALL.

No. 2, L. F., 154, O., '76. $500.89 A. & D.

The southern half part of lot No. 101, in plan of North Homestead, fronting 30 feet on Bank street, Wilkins township, running back 125 feet to Locust alley, and having thereon erected a two-story and parily in Wilkins township, running back 120 feet, to Cash alley. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 244 and 245.

WM. G. WALL.

No. 2, L. F., 154, O., '76. $500.89 A. & D.

The southern half part of lot No. 101, in plan of North Homestead, fronting 30 feet on Bank street, Wilkins township, parily in the 22-second ward, and parily in Wilkins township, running back 120 feet, to Cash alley. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 244 and 245.

CHRIST WAGNER.

No. 2, F. F., 159, O., '76. $313 70.

BARTON.

Lot fronting 24 feet on the south side of Franklin street, 192 feet east from Fulton street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, running back 155 feet, to an alley, of which it has the privilege. Deed Book, vol. 226, page 531.

GEORGE BIRCH AND MARGARET BIRCH.

No. 2, L. F., 38, O., '76. $470.00.

J. C. PATTERSON.

Lot No. 33 in Daniel McGuirk's plan, fronting 25 feet on the south side of Centre street, Wilkins township, running back 125 feet to an alley 20 feet wide. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 85.

BENJAMIN F. RIGGINS AND MARGARET E. RIGGINS.

No. 2, L. F., 40, O., '76. $7,126.19

McKENNA.

Lot fronting 58½ feet on the east side of Vermont street, 40 feet north from Adams street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, running back 80 feet to an alley 10 feet wide, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two story brick mansion house.

WILHELM KROMER.

No. 2, F. F., 43, O., '76. $150.

KOETHEN.

Lot fronting 50 feet on South street, borough Allentown, running back along East street 75 feet, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, with one story frame kitchen attached.

SAMUEL A. JOHNSTON.

No. 2, F. F., 45, O., '76. $1,000 05.

J. H. HAYS.

Lot No. 6 in McLaren & Hershberger's plan, fronting 21 feet on Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 80 feet more or less to Virgin alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 44.

JOHN STEPHAN.

No. 2, F. F., 57, O., '76. $1,250.

D. T. WATSON.

Lot fronting 21 feet 7 inches more or less on Pike street, Third ward, Allegheny City, running back 168 feet more or less to an alley, and having thereon erected one two story brick dwelling house and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 234, page 466.

GEORGE W. RUNDELS, WITH NOTICE TO CHAS. SIEBERT AND C. L. STRAUB, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 2, L. F., 66, O., '76. $5,510.53.

BURGWIN.

The south ¼ part of lot No. 12 in plan of the heirs of Jno. Chislett, dec'd, fronting 30 feet on the west side of Forty-fifth street, 182 7-100 feet from Davidson street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 105 71-100 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected two 2½ story brick dwelling houses. Deed Book, vol. 287, page 29. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 21.

J. M. LAFFERTY.

No. 2, F. F., 68, O., '76. $865.75.

McCONNELL.

The northern ¼ part of lot No. 21 in plan of the estate of John Aiken, dec'd, fronting 20 9-25 feet on Centre street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 123 64-100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 337, page 10.

2D.

The southern ¼ part of lot No. 21 in said plan, fronting 20 9-25 feet on Centre street, said ward, running back 133 24-100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 337, page 12. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 78 and 79.

GEORGE NICHOLAS.

No. 2, F. F., 70, O., '76. $1,350.00.

KOETHERN.

Lots Nos. 31 and 32 in Boyd & Allen's plan, fronting 91 feet on Third street, borough of Allentown, and having back 125 feet to Locust alley, and having thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house with kitchen attached. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 122.

ECKHARD FATUM.

No. 2, F. F., 75, O., '76. $800. KOETHES.

Lot No. 122 in Robinson's plan, fronting 25 feet on High street, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, running back 280 feet to A. Miller's line, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

JAMES NILAND.

No. 2, F. F., 77, 118, O., '76. $99 64 $345.35. McCOMBS.

MITCHELL, B. & M.

Lot No. 43, in James Verner's plan, fronting 24 feet on Walnut street, 48 feet from Porter street, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, running back 100 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 299, page 322. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 306 and 307.

AUGUST OSWALD.

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Lot No. 18, in Martin Voeghtly's plan, fronting 25 feet on Villa street, Seventh ward, Allegheny city, running back along an alley 100 feet to Water alley, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house

story frame dwelling with two-story frame attachment, stable and other out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 275, page 116. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 128.

W. A. LYONS, WITH NOTICE TO CHRISTIAN SHULZE, HIS ASSIGNEE.

No. 2, L. F., 206, O., '76. $2,751.46. FRIEND.

Lots Nos. 9 and 10 in "Section A," in plan of building lots laid out by D. W. Riggs et. al., situated in the Borough of McKeesport, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and store, with finished attic and basement. Also two-story frame dwelling house with basement and finished attic. Deed Book, vol. 334, page 352. Plan Book, vol. 5, page 178.

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G. A. M'ELFRESH.

No. 2, F. F., 243, O., '76. $393.75. R. & S

Lots Nos. 14, 15 and 16 in plan of the borough of Elizabeth, fronting each 50 feet and running back 120 feet to land of Samuel Walker. Also, 11, 12 and 13 in said plan, fronting each 60 feet and running back to an alley 16 1-2 feet wide, and having thereon erected one two-story frame house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 324, page 83.

ANDREW C. PATTERSON.

No. 2, L. F., 247, O., '76. $1,986.10.

LARGE.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Poplar street, Allegheny city, running back 71 feet 7½ inches, more or less, and having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 335, page 108. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 30.

GOTTLIEB PITCH.

No. 2, V. E., 249, '76. $81 63. GILL.

Lots Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16 in C. H. Love's plan, fronting 100

HOME NEWS.

Parties who do not receive the GAZETTE by 7 A. M., are requested to notify the office, and the tardiness will be corrected at once.

The probabilities for to-day are rising barometer, north and west winds, stationary or lower temperature, and generally clear weather.

Duff's College.

Young men spend your evenings profitably by attending Duff's College—for terms call at College office, 49 Fifth avenue.

Amusements.

There will be performances this afternoon and evening at Library Hall, the Opera House and Novelty Theater, and at either one a very pleasant few hours can be passed. The play of "Cloude" is the attraction at Library Hall, "Romeo and Juliet" in the afternoon and "The Hunchback" in the evening at the Opera House, while at the Novelty Theatre there will be a performance introducing the Arnold Bros., Annie Hall, Louisa Stetson and Ida Simmons, Joe Lang, H. W. Williams, Jennie Hughes and more than a dozen others equally as well known to variety fame.

Henne's Case and Condition.

Mr. Straub, in answer to the statement made by Mr. A. Henne, that he had used the money of the firm to advance its interests, has produced the following:

I, A. Henne, formerly collector of Straub & Ludwig, brewers, of the Sixteenth ward, city of Pittsburgh, do hereby acknowledge that I have fraudulently received of the customers of said firm a sum of three hundred dollars of their money, more or less, and converted and kept the same for my own private use; and further, I have entered and corrected the amounts of the customers and falsified the same to correspond with my accounts with the firm; and further, I cut out a leaf in said firm's books. To satisfy said firm of Straub & Ludwig, I do hereby propose to pay to the firm $75 or $100 to-day, and the balance as soon as the books are settled. Upon this proposition said firm of Straub & Ludwig have consented to withdraw said suit, Valentine Ludwig, prosecutor, authorized by said firm to do so. A. HENNE.

Witness:—JNO. MCCUBERY.

PITTSBURGH, August 14, 1876.

Mr. Straub says they would not have prosecuted had not Henne given unequivocal of intention to repay the amount, and was, in their belief, making preparations to escape. The examination of the books shows the deficit to be $918 instead of $300.

CAR INSPECTOR KILLED.

Fatal Accident at the Union Depot Last Night.

At half-past seven o'clock last evening Franz Paul, a car inspector of the Pennsylvania railroad, was run over by a train of cars a short distance above the Union Depot and cut almost in twain. He was under the cars attending to his duty when the accident happened. He was taken to the West Penn Hospital, but did not long survive his injuries. The mangled body was taken to his late home at No. 45 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny. The Coroner has been notified and will hold an inquest to-day.

A CARD.

First National Bank.

PITTSBURGH, September 21, 1876.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

The report published in the GAZETTE of yesterday in reference to a suit in equity in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, brought by Alexander & Co., and in which this bank is named as one of the plaintiffs which accuses John H. Brown and M. R. Brown of collusion combination and fraudulent dealings, was published without our knowledge or authority, and the contents were unknown to us until we saw it in print. We disclaim any intention of imputing fraud or dishonesty to the parties named, who are of known respectability, and regret exceedingly that this bank should have been published as party to the accusation. In justice to both the Messrs. Browns and the bank you will oblige us by publishing this note in your columns.

Yours, respectfully, J. D. SCULLY,
Cashier First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Very Little Business Transacted Yesterday.

A regular meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday afternoon, President Slagle in the chair.

A bill for painting a tin sign for the Meat Inspector, a small thing itself, created considerable talk. The bill was presented by Mr. Samuel Musgrave at a previous meeting, but the Board considered the price exorbitant, and referred it to the Finance Committee. President Slagle said he had made some inquiries in regard to it, and Mr. Musgrave had said that the price was an outside one, and larger than would have been asked from a private individual; but, as the Board is a corporation, it was thought proper to charge the outside price. The Board reduced the bill five dollars and ordered a warrant for payment.

Some little routine business was transacted and the Board adjourned.

GAS COMMITTEE.

The Pittsburgh Gas Company's Bill—No Law Passed.

The Gas Committee of Councils held a meeting yesterday afternoon, Mr. Shipton presiding.

The matter of the bill of the Pittsburgh Gas Company for the first half of the year again came up. It will be remembered that at the meeting of the committee previous to that held yesterday, the bill was ordered paid, less the amount of $10,000 for government tax, which bill had been regularly presented for the first two years and payment always refused. But the amount for the first half of the current year was not to be paid unless the company would consent to give a receipt in full. This the company refused to do, as it owed and has brought, and will bring, suit for the latter amount (about $25,000. Mr. Shipton was in favor of paying the $15,000 for two or three reasons. One of these was that, if a suit resulted in a verdict against the city for that amount, as it would inevitably do, even if the $10,000 credited was thrown off, the city would still be thrown into the costs, which should be avoided. Another reason was, that if the bill was not paid before the end of the year the money would go into the sinking fund, and next year the appropriations will have to be doubled in order to pay the deficiency. Other members were of the opinion that the matter might as well be settled in the courts immediately as well as wait longer, and have the contested bill continually presented. After a very lengthy discussion it was decided to leave the matter as it now is, and allow the company to bring suit or comply with the terms offered; that is, get a receipt in full, or get no money.

Lamps were ordered to be placed as follows: Ninth and Carson street from Saw Mill Run to city line, and on the temporary bridges, all to be enacted by the West Pittsburgh Gas Company, at $40 each. Second and Stanton avenue, and on Centre avenue at head of gas main; Second or Harrison street, between Forty-ninth and Fifteenth street.

Adjourned.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Little Girl Killed—Narrow Escape of Others—A Bridge Needed.

Millie Kramer, ten years of age, was killed at the Twenty-eighth street crossing of the Allegheny Valley Railroad yesterday about noon. At that point there are a number of tracks running parrallel with each other. On one of them a train was standing, but they were cut apart and separated sufficiently to allow pedestrians to pass. Millie Kramer and two other girls were going home to dinner, and crossed the first track between the cars. Owing to the cars obstructing the view, they did not notice that a shifting engine was coming up on the next track and was almost at the crossing. They became bewildered, when an old soldier seeing their danger jumped to the rescue then and saved two. He turned to grab Millie Kramer, but was too late, as he was struck himself while the Kramer girl was knocked down and run over, her body being almost severed. The switchman was not seriously hurt, but the child's injuries were such that she died in a very short time after the accident. Her father is a fireman on the road, and lives on the hill near the round house of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Accidents at this crossing are of so frequent occurrence that it is certainly time to insist upon the railroad company's compliance with its obligation to prevent them by erecting a bridge over the track. After long continued and persistent efforts, the hospital authorities some time since obtained from the company a contract to erect a bridge and have it completed by the 1st of November this year. Not one step toward the erection of the structure has been, and none is likely of it. If the Northern Democratic mind object to these projects, it would be interesting to hear them say so, and give the reasons why they think they should not be.

The meeting then adjourned.

A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held in Verona last night. John McD. Crossan, Esq., presided, assisted by the following Vice Presidents: Wm. A. Tomlinson, James Dalzell, P. F. Bannow, Captain Elwood, Daniel Stotler and A. H. Rowand, Jr. Secretaries: James McIlwaine and James Marshall.

Thomas M. Bayne delivered a speech, after which Prof. W. J. Pope sang several of his inimitable campaign songs. The Hayes and Wheeler marching club of the borough, fully equipped and 150 strong, were out under command of Captain Stotler. Verona will give a good account of itself on the 7th of November next.

A Hayes and Wheeler marching club, numbering sixty members, was organized in the Eighteenth ward, Thursday evening. An election of officers was held, with the following result: Captain, Galen Andrews; First Lieutenant, Adam Shafer; Second Lieutenant, Sam. Garrison. Light colored uniforms have been ordered for the members, and some day next week a handsome flag will be presented to the club.

The Hayes and Wheeler club of Union township held a meeting at the public school house in that township Thursday evening. Mr. Archibald presiding. The uniforms were distributed and money subscribed to procure drums for a drum corps. The glee club was present and gave zest to the meeting with a number of excellent songs. The club decided to go to Mansfield Tuesday evening.

The Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth wards marching club were presented with a beautiful silk flag by the ladies of the wards at West's Hall last evening.

A Republican meeting will be held on Tuesday evening at Mansfield, to be addressed by Major A. M. Brown and Jacob F. Slagle, Esq. The marching clubs will turn out.

The Republicans of Beaver county had a grand rally at Beaver, Thursday. The meeting, which was one of the largest held in that county, was addressed by Hon. Ed. McPherson and Jacob F. Slagle, Esq.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Meeting on the South Side—Speech of Hon. Ed. McPherson—Meeting at Verona—Local Political Notes, &c.

There was a grand Republican rally last night on the South Side. It was the intention first to hold the meeting in Salisbury Hall, but owing to the fact that the hall was being repaired, it could not be obtained and the meeting was held in Odd Fellows Hall, corner of Sarah and Eighteenth streets.

The meeting was called to order by August Ammon, Esq., on whose motion the following officers were elected:

President—H. A. Collier, Esq.

Vice Presidents—M. S. Humphries, E. Jackson, James Cline, Thomas Shields, John Richardson, J. H. Sorg, J. A. Schneider, B. Erbe, M. Bigg, A. L. Schulz, R. C. Dalzell, M. Bradley.

Secretaries—Reporters of the press.

Mr. Collier on taking the chair said he felt certain that the majorities rolled up for Hayes and Wheeler in November would send all Southern rebels and Northern dough faces to rest for ever.

Lafayette Sykes entertained the audience with several patriotic songs, in the chorus of which the audience joined with unmistakable spirit.

Jacob F. Slagle, Esq., was then introduced by the chairman, and addressed the audience in a speech of half an hour, in which he reviewed briefly the record of the Republican party for the past fifteen years, and that of the Democratic party prior to 1860, and contrasted the two, in which the Republican record did not suffer. He then reviewed the character of Mr. Tilden, and showed conclusively that he was not the man to work the reform that was required by the people in the approaching election.

Hon. Russell Errett was the next speaker introduced. He said he did not desire to make a speech but would simply refer to a few things that had been overlooked by the other speakers, and would not perhaps be referred to by the speakers who were to follow. He referred briefly to the character, politically of Gov. Tilden, and contrasted it with that of Gov. Hayes of Ohio, and then referred to the attempted explanation of the charges against Tilden of perjury in swearing to a false return of his income. He said that in the history of the nations it had been the fate of every party that had opposed progress and reform to sink beneath the wave of progres. He called the attention of the audience to the fact that the Democratic candidate in this district had opposed the war, and denounced the soldiers as "Lincoln's hirlings" and asked if it would not be advisable for the soldiers and those who favored the perpetuation of the union to support those who stood by them during the days when it tried men's souls, than to turn to the support of those who opposed them.

Hon. Edward McPerson was next introduced and addressed the meeting.

Mr. McPherson asked what there was in the past history or present attitude of the Democratic party to entitle it to the care of the vast and varied interest of the nation. A brief review of its relation to the chief constitutional and legislative measures which were matured to preserve to the people the civic fruits of the war, would show that the Democratic party, during the entire period, and even now organized, had been the party of obstruction and opposition. Of course it was unwilling to let slavery die, for slavery had long been a faithful ally, and tightening the chains of the unfortunate had so long been their daily task that it had at last come to be a delight. When, with slavery buried, and the war ended, and reconstruction began, the rebel States, proceeding under the Johnson plan, in quality prospitives for restoration to their former places in the Union, by concerted action, enacted in 1865 freedmen's codes, under which their late slaves were to be held in a qualified but practical servitude. Our Democratic friends, by their ready acquiescence in this iniquitous usurpation, gave us another proof of how real was their enjoyment of the principle of slavery. When, in the uprising of an indignant people, the Presidential plan of Reconstruction was swept away; and the Congress devised another, and based it upon a new constitutional amendment — the Fourteenth — which first furnished the great idea of a National as distinguished from a State citizenship, and which contained provisions to guard from repudiation our public debt—which is to us the price of our indivisible Union—and to guard the treasury from foreseen claims for payment and indemnity from Rebel States, the opposition which these beneficient measures provoked from the entire Democratic party, attested how faithful it still was to its traditional duties as the shrines of slavery and rebellion. When, with slavery dead, freedmen's codes annulled, and national citizenship secured, it became necessary to give legislative sanction to the civil rights thus acquired, why can fall to recall the chorus of indignation when leaped from Democratic threats as they predicted that in this measure were to be found the deeds of debauchment to the white and death to our whole system of civilization? The Democratic party has, by violence and intimidation, by murder, wrested State after State from the political combination that preferred to save, and is preparing to wield them now, unitedly in order there to achieve the election of their candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. On this issue, when Congress refused to appropriate Mr. McPherson commended General Sheridan's report to the Secretary of War in January, 1875, as to Louisiana, in which he states that, from 1868 to that date, over 3,000 persons had been killed and wounded "on account of their political sentiments." Combinations to starve labor by denying it employment or credit, are supplemented, when necessary, by the use of firearms, either to terrify from voting at all, or to force into compliance with these tyrannical demands, until in most of the States of the South, the freedom of the ballot has been actually and entirely destroyed, and, too, the elections farcical.

The time may come in the history of the country when the restoration of the Democratic party to power may be a duty; but it will be after it has washed the blood from its garments, mourned in sackcloth and ashes over its crimes, and done deeds meet for repentance. A party gains character "by its record, not by a prospectus." At thistime, neither the past record, nor the present attitude of the Democratic party gives the country the least assurance of safety from it—not any more than in 1860. Then Democratic principles were unable to give us a remedy. Now they are as incapable of meeting this great emergency.

In other respects the Democratic party is a perpetual menace to the country. As far back as 1873 the scheme was broached of obtaining from the United States Treasury four hundred millions of dollars in compensation for slaves emancipated; and no less a conspicuous person than Robert M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, wrote a letter, October 31, 1873, now in print, in which he points out a mode deemed by him practicable for avoiding the Fourteenth Amendment, and securing this sum for slave-holding class. He takes the ground that the claim for compensation rests upon the alleged taking by the Government of their property for public uses; that the claim is of the individual owner, that the States had no power to divest it, and that it exists as a reasonable claim for "just compensation" under the Constitution. A Congressional bill has not yet been presented, but the way has thus been opened for it. But as the last session of Congress several other alarming bills were presented. Mr. McPherson said he had gone to Washington and procured copies of the official print of these bills, lest doubt might be alleged of their existence, and he called attention to these provisions. There are several of them. And their chief feature is, that they break down the distinction which has for years been maintained between those citizens of the Southern States who were during the war loyal to the government of the United States and those who were not. One of these bills proposes to repeal the law of 1865, which prohibits the payment of old claims, prior to 1861, to any persons who promoted the rebellion. Another proposes to repeal that law, and "all other laws of similar character." Another proposes to authorize the Secretary of War to "allow reasonable compensation to all citizens of the United States for the use and occupation of their property by the United States army, or any part of it, during the late civil war," and making the affidavit of the claimant or any other reputable citizen sufficient proof to the fact of the use. Another bill authorizes "all citizens of the United States" with claims of loyalty, for stores taken or furnished for the use of the army, including the use and loss of vessels or boats, to bring a suit against the United States, and the amount found due shall be paid out of the general appropriation for private claims. This bill also repeals all laws which interfere with this proposed general spoliation of the Treasury. Several other bills were introduced for the return of the $68,000,000 of cotton tax collected by the United States between 1863 and 1868. These bills represent claims to the extent of probably three thousand millions or dollars. To the Southern Claims Commission, for payment to loyal citizens for supplies taken, 22,208 cases have been presented, claiming $60,-238,150. If it be estimated that the disloyal claims exceed the loyal in the proportion of only thirty per cent, and not of higher average amount, we have a total in this alone of nearly two thousand millions. To the Southern rebel mind, this claim is equitable; and that we are sincerely in favor of it. If the Northern Democratic mind object to these projects, it would be interesting to hear them say so, and give the reasons why they think they should not be.

The meeting then adjourned.

POINT POVERTIES.

The Way Some People Make Their Living.

No adage is more true than that "One-half the world does not know how the other half lives." A GAZETTE reporter strolled down to the Point yesterday in an unhopeful hunt for items, and there saw and heard some things to him before unknown. Up on the high trestle work of the new bridge men were busily at work putting up the heavy links of the massive chains that are to support the flexible yet firm highway over the river. The solid abutments, the towering piers, and the lofty, intricate, yet harmonious trestling, the sounding hammers, and the noisy, puffing engine, were evidences of wealth, industry, and the power and triumphs of man. On the bosom of the river numerous snorting tugs and graceful steamboats were ploughing the waters, with the seeming endowment of proud life. Across from the opposite banks came wafted the music of industry and competence from clashing and crashing machinery in numerous mills. Overhead the bright sun was shining, sending down its health and life-giving beams in a manner to stir the sluggish blood, quicken the pulses and lift the spirits. All about apparently was life and animation, and no shadow of sorrow, or poverty and wretchedness.

But only apparently. On the incline planes, consisting of rocks, sand and dirt, which forms the approach to the new bridge, were three or four dilapidated-looking wagons unloading further deposits of cinders and other dirt. At one of the wagons was a wretchedly clad old woman on the tailboard, and one no better standing on the front wheel, each eagerly scraping in the dirt for bits of broken glass, pieces of old iron, and similiar articles. Down below the other wagons were other women and children, all busily engaged in the same task, and each striving to be nearest the wagon, under the shadow of the showering dirt fell upon them or not.

The reporter struck by the sight so singular and so unusual, approached one of the women to interrogate her. He got no satisfaction further than a request to mind his own business, and the wench's eyes did stare. Nothing daunted, the reporter approached another one of the old women.

"What are you looking for?" was the question asked.

"Anything I can find," she answered.

That was more encouraging, and the interrogatories were continued. In an old bucket at the side of the woman was an astonishing collection of odds and ends in the nature of dilapidation. Every conceivable article that could be cast away as utterly and entirely useless was there. And yet the woman said she would find sale for them. Pieces of iron and of glass seemed to predominate and were the most eagerly sought for.

"Yes, I make my living in this way," the woman answered to a question. "I don't make much, but I don't starve, and I'd rather do it than go to the poor house. I can't work, and I couldn't get it if I wanted. No, I have no children; that is young ones. I expect I've got two boys living somewhere, but I don't know where. You see they went off to the war when I told them there [They were on the edge of the bank, close up to a wagon, and half the dirt being shoveled out, fell on them before it reached the ground.] Well, them's her children. They've got to do it or do without anything to eat. Some of them boys there don't have to do this. They just do it to get money to spend, but all of us you see down on this side of the bridge have to work for a living. I'm glad the dirt, it don't hurt us, and I guess it won't hurt our clothes. I don't mind the smell; I don't notice it, and if I did it'd be all the same. We've got to live.

Of course this intelligent old woman did not make connectedly; in fact it took much questioning to get it out of her. She was rather inclined to go off into a rambling pursuit of a certain train of thought when started by a question; but the above is the substance of her story. The brightness of the day, the numerous attractions, the busy life about her and her companions, was nothing to her or to them. They toiled on. And the report left them toiling on—toiling in the revolting dirt for the merest pittance, and a scanty and precarious living.

FALL AND WINTER CLOAKS.

Now Open at

HUGUS & HACKE'S.

We respectfully invite an inspection of our finest importations of

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS,

which we have just opened, embracing al the latest French novelties,

HUGUS & HACKE,
Fifth avenue and Market street.

The Melancholy Days of Autumn

Are fast approaching, when the old toper haunts the liquor shop and begins peering into the bottom of the warm glass, but those who have common sense and a due regard for health, have begun a tour of the shoe stores, in order to ascertain where the best and cheapest boots and shoes may be had. And here the value of a newspaper. It directs you to the precise locality, thus avoiding a wearisome search. The place is 129 Federal street, Allegheny, and the proprietor of this well-filled shoe house is R. Taggart, who follows the Democratic party system very different from most dealers, viz.: In buying for cash, and therefore buys at the lowest prices; sells for cash, makes no bad debts, and therefore is enabled to sell at the very lowest figures, which are twenty per cent. lower than other shoe houses.

The Last Chance

To secure bargains at the grand closing out sale of Boots and Shoes at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio street, Allegheny city.

To Be or Not to Be.

Shakspeare said many good things, and discussed matters in quite a philosophic way, but had he lived in our day and in our city, most likely the burden of his debate would have been whether, it were better for the man or youth needing a suit of new clothes to go to some merchant tailoring house of aristocratic pretensions, pay one price for the suit and another price for the name of having it manufactured at an establishment with a high-sounding name, or to go to Eisner & Phillips, corner Wood street and Fifth avenue, get a suit ready-made with equally as good material, and fit just as good with only one price to pay and that a very low one. There are more curious things in the clothing business than are dreamed of in the philosophy of many, which can be explained by a visit to this reputable clothing house.

Don't Fail

to attend the grand opening of G. D. Simen's new boot and shoe store, No. 78 Ohio street, Allegheny City, on Monday, September 25th.

Ladies, Make It Your Business

to examine those Solid Gold, unredeemed watches at $15, $16, $17 and $18. Elegant watches and good time-keepers. Every one warranted with written guarantee. You run no risk in buying here. E. DeRoy's only Loan Office, in the GAZETTE building, 153 Smithfield street.

The Last Day

For bargains in Boots and Shoes at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

Explanatory.

A part of our earlier editions of yesterday contained a notice which cast decidedly injurious inuendoes on the character of our friends, the Messrs. Kleber Bro., agents for the Steinway pianos. We stopped the press as soon as we discovered the nature of the notice, and had the same taken out of the forms. We suppose the publication should prove of but small annoyance to the gentlemen, since they could safely place reliance upon their well established character in a community in which they have so successfully carried on business for more than a quarter of a century.

Prices to Suit All.

In Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

The End of The World.

Adventists will destroy this beautiful world on the 28th inst., yet Messrs. Bleakley & Kunz will continue to manufacture the suits now ordered, and receive new orders. Their merchant tailoring house, No. 70 Smithfield street, is the resort of those who dress elegantly.

Buy the

"Chilson Furnace." "Wellman's Reflector Grate."

POSITIVE SALE.

Pianos at a Sacrifice.

A splendid 7⅓ octave rosewood piano, in use about 7 months, must be sold at once as the owner is leaving the city. Persons desirous of procuring a strictly first-class instrument, would do well to call at once, as it must be sold within the next few days. To be seen at C. C. Mellor's music store, 79 Fifth avenue, who will give full particulars concerning the instrument.

Opera.

Ladies' Two-Button Opera Kids, at $1, best shades. Gents' Opera Kids, choice shades, $1.25. All sizes, at

Jos. HORNE & Co.'s,
Library Building,
Penn avenue.

Nature was sad one day, oppressed
With shame and *mauvais honte*;
Though beautiful, her breath was bad
Then Art exclaimed, "I won't
Per mit you longer thus to grieve,
See here is SOZODONT."

AN INVALUABLE HISTORY.

A Splendid Specimen of Book Making—The Story of Allegheny County's Growth—An Attractive and Valuable Contribution to the Literature of the Day—A Volume That Should be in Every Public and Private Library of our County.

Upon several occasions we have made brief reference to a prospective volume which was being prepared by Messrs. L. H. Everts & Co., detailing the story of the origin, rise and progress of Allegheny county. Yesterday we had the pleasure of examining an advance copy of the work, and were agreeably surprised to find that the projectors had more than fulfilled their promises by making a book that is a marvel of typographical and literary excellence and accuracy. We have never examined a volume more perfect in all its parts, and know of none which would be more attractive to any resident of our county who has the least pride in locality.

The work undertaken by the gentlemen who prepared this history, was not a light task. Attempts of a similar character have been made in other years, but they all fell short of the standard, and before this volume was put to press, there was no history of Allegheny county, that could in any measure be termed full in detail, or entirely accurate in its records. Recognizing the importance of making a perfect work, or none at all, Messrs. Everts & Co. first secured the services of scholars and gentlemen, who were as painstaking in gather the facts as they were gifted with the pen. The entire work was under the general supervision of J. R. Fariss, Esq., one of the members of the firm, and one in every way competent—as the result so well demonstrates. Under his direction, every available book or manuscript, in public or private hands, was diligently searched in quest of facts, translations were made from old records, reminiscences gathered from old letters—in short no source of information was left unexplored. A mass of material was thus secured which was formidable, but which under the skillful manipulation of the historians, was put into connected form, and presented in such an attractive literary garb, that the volume thus produced becomes invaluable, both for its history and its literary excellence.

The plan of the work, as seen in the completed volume, is quite plain and simple, but it was no ordinary task to bring order out of the chaotic mass of facts, which had previously been gathered from so many different sources. Commencing with the earliest period in the history of this section of the State, full details are given of the state of affairs there at that time, of the Indian wars; the organization of the county; the incipiency of our trade, manufactures, and political importance; the gradual growth of the cities of the county, the increase in population, wealth and business, the establishments of public schools, colleges, &c.; the more rapid advance in all material prosperity in later years; and lastly, a full survey of our geographic, geologic and topographic features, and of the importance of our present trade, agriculture, educational, benevolent, religious, and manufacturing interests. Each of these separate departments is treated of distinctively, and an immense amount of information is crowded into a huge compass. No important fact in all our history has escaped, and the work is indeed a marvel of condensation. An idea of the scope of the work may be had from the fact that it gives us a glimpse of the history of the aborigines who roamed over these grounds and disputed with the beasts of the forests for supremacy before the white man came, while in the close of the work we have a roster of all the soldiers from this county who were engaged in the Mexican war, war of 1812, and the late rebellion, with a list of the dead and a biographical sketch of prominent officers, in all comprising about 22,000 names.

In addition, however, to the mass of historical matter pertaining to the country in general, the volume is made doubly interesting by sketches of prominent men of the past and present time, and of public institutions, familiar in our history. The sketches have been prepared from data only after indefatigable labor. They are as near correct as historical sketches can be, and from them we have many interesting facts concerning the pioneers who led the van of our progress, and the men of the living present who are doing much to maintain our supremacy, in business and in all departments where the results of superiority in brain and brawn are exemplified. Then there are sketches of our public institutions, such as the Western Pennsylvania Hospital at Dixmont, the Pittsburgh High School, our public schools, the Theological Seminary, the Friendless, County and City Poor Houses, &c., which have given the county such a wide fame for philanthropy and public spirit. In this respect the book is without a fault.

While, however, attention was thus paid to the gathering of facts, and their proper arrangement, literary excellence was not overlooked. For vivid description, terse expression, and pure Anglo-Saxon the work is of high order, and abounds in portrayals and statistics, which, however important, might not have been interesting to the general reader, are so presented that the work becomes as fascinating as a novel of fiction. There is no attempt at fine writing, but the simple beauty of the language rivets attention at once, and captivates the reader's fancy from the outstart. We love not the beautiful in literature the reading of this book, aside even from the information it gives, will be a delight for its literary style.

Lastly, but not leastly, this history is a superb volume in the way of illustration, and in its typographical make-up. It is printed on the finest book paper, tinted, and with clear, bold type. Numerous fine illustrations, embracing maps of original surveys, old Fort Pitt, a general map of the county, of hill and dale, and water scenery in various parts of the county, public buildings, private residences of the olden time, and palatial residences of the present, and fine portraits of a number of eminent gentlemen, of whom biographical sketches are given. Some of these illustrations are of full page size, and all of a page. All are clear and distinct and altogether form a collection of pictures that would of itself make a very handsome volume.

We have thus touched upon the salient features of a work that we think ought to be in every public and private library in Allegheny county. Messrs. Everts & Co. have done their work well, and have produced a book that for typographical beauty and historical excellence has no superior within our knowledge. We are glad to note their signal success, and take pleasure in thus making reference to a volume that has long been needed, and that will be a ready welcome among the intelligent public of our county.

Grand Opening

of the finest stock of ladies' and gents' Boots and Shoes at the new store of G. D. Simen, No. 78 Ohio street, Allegheny city.

Oysters.

Ask your grocer for the
STAR BRAND.

"Are You Going to the Wedding."

This is the prevalent question in a certain quarter of the city to-day. The affair has been kept so quiet that but few were aware of the arrangements in progress. Among the few "in the secret" was Kinder Bear, who has sole charge of the table and its bewildering load of delicacies. And it is reasonable to suppose that that wedding is going to pass off with rare *eclat*.

Must Be Sold.

And at bargains, all Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio street, Allegheny city.

Of Making Many Books, &c.

An extensive collection of readable books, on a great variety of subjects, all the popular and leading magazines of the day, with a fresh lot of novels, all the story, illustrated and comic papers, and a varied assortment of stationery, toy books and fancy goods, at very low figures, may be had at Gildenfenny & Co.'s, No. 69 Fifth avenue.

Prices to Suit All

at the new Boot and Shoe store of G. D. Simen, No. 78 Ohio street, Allegheny city.

A Closing Out Sale.

The stock in the store of the late H. Perry, at Wood street and Diamond alley, is being closed out at private sale, and those who wish to secure bargains during the present week should not fail to attend. Mr. P. had an extensive trade for his own make of boots and shoes, and those who would have no others will be interested in the announcement that boots worth from $16 to $18 will be sold for $8 and $10, and shoes at half price. All the goods are custom-made, which is a sufficient guarantee of their superior quality.

Wanted—50 Young Ladies

to buy Solid Gold unredeemed watches at $15, $16, $17 and $18, warranted, at E. DeRoy's only Loan Office, in the GAZETTE building, 153 Smithfield street.

Every Day Topics

Is the title of a new work from the pen of J. G. Holland, treating on subjects which interest every class of readers. It is written in a plain and intelligible style, yet being interesting. It is full of practical and common sense matter, and cannot fail to make the reader wiser, better and happier. For sale by Gildenfenny & Co., 69 Fifth avenue.

All the World's a Stage,

And the men who do the acting on the Pittsburgh portion of it, would appear to better advantage by wearing the suits manufactured by Messrs. Bleakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street. Gents' furnishing goods fresh in style and low in price.

Another Suicide and Death.

A lady in Chillicothe committed suicide because she could not afford a watch. Had she known that E. DeRoy is selling ladies' solid gold unredeemed watches at $15, $16, $17 and $18, it could have been avoided. Elegant watches and good time-keepers. Call and see them at E. DeRoy's only Loan Office, in the GAZETTE building, 153 Smithfield street.

"Baltimore" Fire Place Heaters.

Three rooms warmed by one fire. Call and see them at 49 Sixth street.

A Good Investment

Is the price paid for one of Bleakly & Kunz' inimitable suits to measure at No. 70 Smithfield. Furnishing goods very cheap.

OBITUARY.

Rev. W. D. Howard, D. D.

This very estimable gentleman, for many years pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, at the corner of Penn and Seventh streets, died quite unexpectedly yesterday morning at his residence, No. 64 Beach street, Allegheny. During a recent visit to the sea-shore he contracted a cold, but it was at no time serious enough to be to him a source of uneasiness or even of much annoyance. When he got up yesterday morning he felt as well as ever, and, as usual, ate breakfast with the members of his family. At half past nine o'clock he got seriously ill, and physicians were quickly summoned to attend him. But the hand of death was on him and all their efforts to save him were unavailing. About half past ten o'clock he died, and there passed from life one of the best and purest of men. The doctors attribute his death to rheumatism of the heart.

On the 28th of July, 1814, Dr. Howard was born in Philadelphia. After a course at Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., he graduated there, and subsequently studied theology privately with Rev. Dr. Wm. Neill, of Philadelphia. In 1838 at Frankford, then a suburban district of Philadelphia, but now included within the city limits, Dr. Howard entered upon his first pastoral charge. After laboring there for ten years he resigned and came to this city in response to a call from the congregation of the Second Presbyterian Church, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Rev. Robert Dunlap. He acceptably discharged the duties of that position for twenty-six years, and now, after thirty-five years' service in the cause of Christ, he has been called to receive his reward. On the 17th of May, 1874, at the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his call to the pulpit of the Second church, he gave an account of his coming to this city, and from it we make the following extract: "On the 17th of May, 1849, there arrived in this city a minister of the gospel, who a short time before had been unanimously elected pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Pittsburgh. He reached here in a canal boat, and although he had had the advantage of traveling a third of the way by railroad, the journey between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh occupied four days. Not a single rail, at that time, reached this city from any direction. The new minister was not quite thirty-five years old, and had spent over ten years in the ministry in a pleasant Northern suburb of his native city of Philadelphia. On the evening of the 20th of the same month, in the presence of a large congregation, including many delegates of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, which was to meet on the following day, he was installed pastor of the congregation he had come to serve." Additional reference to the decease of Mr. Howard will be found this morning in our editorial columns.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

Wm. Phillips to Peter Aldinger, November 26, 1876; lot in Penn township.....$1,000
F. M. Murray to F. Bushnell, July 26, 1876; lot on Ridge street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh. $700
Isabella Noble et al. to Moore Noble, September 19, 1876; lot on Ninety-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.....$1
Allegheny City to Christ. Kennewig, November 27, 1872; lot on Stanton avenue, Millvale.....$1,200
C. Kennewig to Henry Fenker, September 18, 1876; the above lot.....$1,000
A. J. Vollbrecht to T. A. Vollbrecht, August 28, 1876; lot on Penn avenue, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000
John Shild to John Meinert, September 14, 1876; lot on Tenth street, Sharpsburg.....76,800
C. Fry to S. Reckenwald, August 21, 1876; lot on Washington avenue, Thirty-first ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,400
N. Balantine to J. W. Balantine, July 8, 1876; lot on Main street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.....$2,500
N. Balantine to Sarah Balantine, July 7, 1876; lot on Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.....$2,500
R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to C. Solvey, June 28, 1876; interest of W. W. Bradshaw to lot on Wood street, Pittsburgh.....$50
C. Solvey to R. and J. S. Heymer, July 26, 1876; lots Nos. 409 and 410 on Wood street, Pittsburgh.....$25,100
W. W. Bradshaw to C. Solvey, July 18, 1876; the above lots.....$25,000
Harvard Trust Company to A. McKelvy, August 21, 1876; lot on Park avenue, Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,215
Same to Jas. Sugden, August 21, 1876; lot on East End avenue, Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000
Same to W. W. Sugden, August 9, 1876; lot on East End avenue, Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh.....$613
Same to Thomas H. Sugden, August 9, 1876; lot on Above avenue and Bank street.....$440
Same to same, August 14, 1876; lot on Bank street, North Homestead.....$1,000
Same to Jas. Sugden, August 9, 1876; lot on East End avenue, Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh.....$440
Same to same September 12, 1876; lot on Bank street, North Homestead.....$1,000
Robert Black to Ismel Cookston, July 29, 1876; lot on Ashland avenue.....$275
Jefferson Lane to H. Brooke, September 30, 1876; Huling's island, in the Allegheny river, containing 40 acres.....$4,000

James Milliken & Co.

Have a large assortment of first-class furniture at low cash prices. Call at 89 Smithfield street and examine their stock.

Monday, September 25th.

G. D. Simen will open his new boot and shoe store, at No. 78 Ohio street. The largest store and freshest stock in Allegheny City.

The Autumn of 1876.

The Summer is almost ended and the harvest of travel will soon be past, and the millions of people who will be looking upon the world's grandest productions, will soon have settled down in their homes. How great and sudden the change, to turn away from the splendor of "all nations" to spend the "remainder days" of Autumn in the dusty homes of our city; but the sting of this sudden change can be taken away by putting into the house some of the elegant designs of Carpets, Druggets and Oil Cloths, now shown at the World's Exhibition." We will have in our fall stock, which we are now receiving, many of the same patterns that are now exhibited at the Centennial by the leading manufacturers of this country. Those in want of anything in the carpet line cannot afford to pass us by. BOYARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 Fifth avenue.

Chilson's

Improved Cone Furnaces.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
49 Sixth street.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.

FIRE ARMS!

AND

AMMUNITION

Of every description at lower prices than ever before offered in this market, wholesale or retail. ☞Price Lists Free.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
285 LIBERTY STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
Assets, January 1, 1876, $5,167,547.46.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 85 Fourth avenue.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS! FLOWERS!

FLORAL and EVERGREEN DECORATIONS executed in the most artistic style at satisfactory prices. Estimates furnished. Flowers in any desired design furnished promptly to order.
J. R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

R. M. LEONARD,
Lumber Merchant,
173 PENN AVE.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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